TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (10 lines,)or less	$ 75	$1 25	$1 50
Two squares,	1 50	2 00	3 00
Three squares,	2 25	3 00	4 50
	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
One square, or less,	$4 00	$6 00	$10 00
Two squares,	6 00	9 00	15 00
Three squares,	8 00	12 00	20 00
Four squares,	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half a column,	15 00	20 00	30 00
One column,	20 00	35 00	60 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$2 50
Auditors' Notices.....2 00
Estray, or other short Notices.....1 50

☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.

A toilet delight. Superior to any cologne, used to bathe the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh; to allay inflammation, to perfume clothing, for headache, &c. It is manufactured from the rich southern Magnolia, and is obtaining a patronage quite unprecedented. It is a favorite with actresses and opera singers. It is sold by all dealers, at $1,00 in large bottles, and by Demas Barnes & Co., New York, Wholesale Agents.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

S. T.---1860---X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid fever, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS, which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has our private U. S. stamp unmutilated over the cork with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. ☞See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. ☞Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon or in bulk, is an impostor. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under the U. S. Law, and will be so prosecuted by us. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters, from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For cuts, sprains, burns swellings and caked breasts, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is a certain cure.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and bites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For spavined horses, the poll evil, ringbone and sweeny, the Mexican Mustang Liniment never fails.

For wind-galls, scratches, big-head and splint, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is worth its weight in gold.

Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are so common and certain to occur in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.

It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.

"In lifting the kettle from the fire, it tipped over and scalded my hands terribly. * * * The Mustang Liniment extracted the pain, caused the sore to heal rapidly, and left very little scar.

CHAS. FOSTER, 420 Broad street, Philada.

Mr. S. Litch, of Hyde Park, Vt., writes: "My horse was considered worthless, (spavin,) but since the use of the Mustang Liniment, I have sold him for $150. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here."

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, signed, G. W Westbrook, Chemist, and also has the private U.S. stamp of Demas Barnes & Co., over the top.

Look closely, and be not deceived by counterfeits.

Sold by all Druggists at 25, 50 cts, and $1,00.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair turning gray and falling off.
It restores hair upon prematurely bald heads.

This is just what Lyon's Kathairon will do. It is pretty—it is cheap—durable. It is literally sold by the carload, and yet its almost incredible demand is daily increasing, until there is hardly a country store that does not keep it, or a family that does not use it.

E. THOMAS LYON, *Chemist*, N. Y.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Who would not be beautiful? Who would not add to their beauty? What gives that marble purity and *distingue* appearance we observe upon the stage and *in the city belle*? It is no longer a secret. They use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its continued use removes tan, freckles, pimples, and roughness, from the face and hands, and leaves the complexion smooth, transparent, blooming and ravishing. Unlike many cosmetics, it contains no material injurious to the skin. Any Druggist will order it for you, if not on hand, at 50 cents per bottle.

W. E. HAGAN, Troy, N. Y. *Chemist.*

Demas Barnes & Co., Wholesale Agents, N. Y

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Heimstreet's inimitable Hair Coloring is not a dye. All instantaneous dyes are composed of *lunar caustic*, and more or less *destroy the vitality and beauty of the hair.* This is the original Hair Coloring, and has been growing in favor over twenty years. It restores gray hair to its original color by gradual absorption, in a most remarkable manner. It is also a beautiful hair dressing. Sold in two sizes—50 cents and $1—by all dealers.

C. HEIMSTREET, Chemist,

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flatulency, &c., where a warming stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere, at 50 cents per bottle. Ask for "LYON'S" Pure Extract. Take no other.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

July11, 1866-sowly

☞All the above articles for sale by S. S. SMITH, Huntingdon, Penns.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis' Family Grocery.

CHOICE CANDIES

Of all kinds, for sale wholesale and retail at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

SOAPS AND CANDLES.

Washing and Toilet Soaps—the best kinds—for sale at LEWIS & CO'S FAMILY GROCERY.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

The best Flour, by the barrel or smaller quantity for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

PAPER! PAPER!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at

LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1867. NO. 28.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in *the best style*, every variety of Job Printing, such

HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK. LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

The Globe.

LIVE FOR SOMETHING.

Live for something, be not idle—
Look about thee for employ;
Sit not down to useless dreaming—
Labor is the sweetest joy.
Folded hands are ever weary,
Selfish hearts are never gay;
Life for thee hath many duties—
Active be, then, while you may.
Scatter blessings in thy pathway:
Gentle words and cheering smiles,
Better are than gold and silver,
With their grief-dispelling wiles.
As the pleasant sunshine falleth,
Ever on the grateful earth,
So let sympathy and kindness
Gladden well the darkened hearth.

Hearts there are oppressed and weary;
Drop the tear of sympathy,
Whisper words of *hope and comfort*,
Give and thy reward shall be
Joy unto thy soul returning,
From this perfect fountain-head.
Freely as thou freely givest,
Shall the grateful light be shed.

Wasted, All Wasted.

An aged man lay upon his death-bed. Around him were kind friends and weeping relatives. The physician had told them that he could not survive but a few hours. He seemed restless and disquieted, and as he moved his head uneasily upon his pillow, he exclaimed from time to time, "wasted, all wasted."

A friend, at length, kindly inquired his meaning. He answered, "I mean my life."

All were surprised. He had been a man who stood well in the world. He had never broken the laws; he had been attentive to business; no one had ever doubted his integrity, and he was known to be a man of wealth. His friends attributed the expressions he used to the wanderings of a mind weakened by disease, and soothingly referred to the good deeds of his past life. "Wherein," said they, "have you failed in duty? You have been a consistent member of the church, and have always paid your share to it; your children have been trained in the paths of industry and morality; you have contributed your fair proportion to objects of charity and religion, and have been just in your dealings towards your fellow-men."

"And was this all," he exclaimed, "that I should have lived for? Is it enough that I should have lived a life which was *respectable*; enough that I have taken care of myself and family? What have I done for the sole purpose of making the world happier and better? Nothing! Nothing!"

"But," said his friends, "have you not helped to build churches, and to support preaching; and have you not always contributed to charitable organizations?"

"Yes," said he, "I gave when others gave; I gave what I was expected to give; I gave what I could not help giving; I gave what was expected from one of my position and means,—perhaps hardly that. But what good can I point to, now in this my dying hour, that I have accomplished. What good enterprise did I ever originate.—To what plan for the good of my fellows did I ever give my active and energetic support? I might have been a blessing to the world. A grateful community might have mourned my loss. Now—but for this I care not—I shall die and be forgotten. I deserve it. The world loses nothing by my death.

"I have seen vice increasing around me, and have been too indolent and too cowardly to do anything to counteract it. I have seen the young exposed from childhood to the allurements of crime, and have done nothing to rescue them. I knew that our city had its hundreds of orphan and destitute children, and have done nothing to provide them with a home. I have seen our young men and boys driven to the streets and haunts of vice for amusement, because nothing better was opened to them. Surely I might have done something for the world around me. It is too late now! My life has been a failure! I had one life, only one life, to live, and it has been WASTED, ALL WASTED!"

HOW PARCHMENT IS MADE.—Parchment is made of the skins of sheep and lambs; though that kind which is used for the head of drums is said to be made of goat skins. Vellum is a finer, smoother, white kind of parchment, made of the skins of young calves.—The mode of preparation is: First take off the hair or wool, then steep the skin in lime, and afterwards stretch it very firmly on a wooden frame. When thus fixed, it is scraped with a blunt iron tool wetted, and rubbed with chalk and pumice-stone; and these scrapings and rubbings are repeated several times, on each side of the skin, till it is fit for use. Parchment was employed in very ancient times; and it is curious that, from about the seventh to the tenth century, it was beautiful, white, and good; but that in later times a very inferior, dirty-looking parchment came into use, which has the appearance of being much older than the new. The reason for this is supposed to be that the writers in those latter centuries used to prepare their own parchment; while at an earlier date, it was a curious art, only possessed by the manufacturers. Parchment was so rare and scarce that great numbers of the older manuscripts were erased with pumice-stone, or the ink rubbed out with some chemical substance, in order that they might be used again for writing purposes.—*Hide and Leather Interest.*

[Correspondence of the Sacramento Daily Times.]

Letter from Donner Lake.

DONNER LAKE, Sept. 15, 1866.

Most of the readers of the *Union* are probably aware of the origin of the name of this beautiful mountain lake, called after the Donner party who crossed the Plains in 1846, and, unable to proceed to their destination on account of the heavy snows, camped on its shores. But I am sure all do not know of their unparalleled sufferings, and that only about one-half their number, out of a party of eighty, lived to tell the tale of the dreadful winter they passed on this spot. I will try to give the outline, at least, of the harrowing story as I have gathered it from various sources. Many of the details I have had from the lips of one of the survivors, whose recollection of the horrible period of her existence—twenty years ago—is as distinct and vivid as though the events were of yesterday's occurrence.

THE DONNER PARTY.

The head of this party was George Donner, a shrewd and intelligent western farmer, somewhat advanced in years. It seems that a very large number of emigrants started at the same time from Independence, Missouri, and continued together until they reached Fort Bridger, distant from Independence about 1,116 miles. There, from some cause, the party agreed to separate. One portion of the emigrants—the largest number, I believe,—succeeded by dint of perseverance and well directed endeavors in opening a new road through the dangerous and and difficult mountain passes near Salt Lake and reached the goal toward which they were traveling—the golden land of California—in good season. Their former comrades—now termed the Reed and Donner party—did not follow in their footsteps, but explored for a part of the way an entirely different route and opened a new road thro' the Desert Basin. Through making these detours they unavoidably lost considerable time, which doubtless they thought was "made for slaves" and consequently they did not reach the pass of the Sierra Nevada (snowy mountains, and unfortunately for the belated travelers no misnomer,) until very late in October. This delay upon the road, caused by these explorations, was fatal to the little band. Had they reached the pass one month earlier, no obstacles would have presented themselves, and, beyond a doubt, they would have reached their destination safely. But the fates, it seemed, had decreed differently. This year it happened that the snow commenced falling two or three weeks earlier than usual, and when the loiterers reached the foot of the pass they found the snow already so deep as to render future progress impossible. I can well imagine the feelings of the poor emigrants when they beheld the cruel barrier so suddenly created. What gloom and apprehension must have filled their hearts. And with what yearning, wistful eyes must they have watched for a change in the weather—a thaw, however slight, that might melt the pitiless snow and render their progress practicable. But there was danger, even death in delay. They must build some shelter for themselves and families; for their helpless little ones who too young and too innocent to know or dread the approach of the most terrible foe to mankind—famine, relentless and gaunt, who even now lurked in the distance, and ere long would show his hideous features boldly—were no doubt delighted with the pure feathery snow and welcomed it as they would a playmate.

The heads of the party selected for, as they fondly hoped, their temporary stopping-place, a beautiful meadow adjacent to, as it was then called, Truckee Lake—well wooded pines, firs, etc, now unspeakably beautiful when bending beneath their burden of stainless snow, and traversed by the winding sinuous waters of a beautiful little stream, the outlet of the lake. Whilst here this summer I have frequently heard this stream called the Little Truckee, and I now wish to correct this error. The Little Truckee is the outlet of Weber Lake, and is entirely distinct from the outlet of Donner lake, as any one who will take the trouble to visit the spot can testify. It is an inexpressibly mournful sight to behold at this day the stumps of the trees there felled by that ill-fated band and view the remains of the little encampment. Their cabins were scattered about at intervals for a distance of about eight miles, and now nothing remains to indicate the site but a few scattered logs and timbers of which their houses were built. Although preparations were being made to spend the winter, if necessary, in their present quarters, they did not abandon the hope of being able to cross the mountains and reach the settlements, and a day or two after reaching the shores of the lake, four men of the party attempted to cross the "divide," as it was called, but owing to the great depth, as well as the softness of the snow, they were obliged to retrace their steps with heavy hearts. Two days after another attempt was made, but proved as unsuccessful as the first. This time Mrs. Reed, one of the ladies of the party, and her family, one Stanton, and a couple of Indians, joined in the expedition, but after spending one day and night in fruitless endeavors, abandoned the idea and returned gloomy and disheartened, to their cheerless cabins. Different parties of men made numerous attempts during the next two weeks, and at one time actually succeeded in crossing the summit; but seeing no sign of human habitation, not even the hut of an Indian, being short of provisions, and totally unacquainted with the country, rather than perish in the mountains, as they surely must if they stayed, they preferred to return to their camp and there await their fate. Now, to render their condition more gloomy and appalling, if possible, a violent snow storm, lasting some days, came on, and when it ceased the ground was covered to the depth of eight feet. Whilst the storm was raging furiously, two young men (whose humanity should forever preserve their memory in the hearts of their countrymen) started off to the relief of another party of emigrants, who, still hoping to cross the mountains, were without food and shelter. Day after day passed by without the return of the young men. Parties were sent out in search of them, who shouted and hallooed, hoping for an answer, "but the silence was unbroken and the stillness gave no token." They were never seen again, and without doubt perished in the storm. As the party to whose relief they were going were never heard from, it was supposed that they, too, perished. Daily and hourly the miseries of the unfortunate emigrants increased. The last fall of snow added greatly to their distress, for by far the largest number of their cattle were buried in it, and already starvation stared them in the face. The cold, too, was piercing, and it was almost impossible to obtain firewood sufficient for the purpose of cooking and warmth. The snow was so deep and so soft that often with much difficulty felling a tree, it would sink deeply into the snow, and it was often impossible to get at it.

Although they strove bravely to keep up their courage, dark forebodings and apprehensions for the coming days and weeks filled their minds. Hope, however, did not succeed in escaping from Pandora's box, and still remained to warm the hearts of this devoted little band, and they determined to make one great final effort to reach the settlements. Knowing that their stock of provisions would be exhausted long before the beginning of Spring—indeed, it was already so slender that daily each person's portion was allotted to him—the party who prepared themselves for another attempt determined to be turned back by no obstacles, but would reach the settlements and send relief to those left behind or perish in the undertaking. This band of heroes was composed of fifteen in all—eight men, four brave-hearted, resolute women, and two Indians. They started about the middle of December, and fully expecting to be able to reach their destination in ten days, if they reached it at all, they took from the slender store of provisions sufficient to last them only as many days, and equipped with snow-shoes, started forth on their perilous *undertaking. They pushed resolutely* on to the pass, succeeded in crossing it, and rejoicing that so much was accomplished, pressed on with renewed vigor. On the fourth day they lost *one member of their party*, but this incident, while it saddened them, did not destroy their courage. Unable to move as rapidly as the rest, he was in the habit of travelling slowly in their rear, and always came up with them after they had camped for the night. This evening, however, he did not join them, and after awaiting him with anxious hearts until morning, they knew he had reached the end of his journey.

"His Winter past,
Fair Spring at last
Receives him on her flowery shore:
Where pleasure's rose
Immortal blows
And sin and sorrow are no more."

Slowly and sadly they started again upon their weary way, and, not deterred by the fast falling snow and pinching Winter winds, they traveled about eight miles and camped in a deep canyon. Expecting each day to reach some habitation, they hurried forward with a courage and perseverance certainly never surpassed. Each day found their hopes blasted; they were still in the mountains, covered to the depth of eight or ten feet with snow; their store of provisions entirely exhausted, and not even a fire to warm their benumbed face and hands. The storm had now increased to such fury that they found it utterly impossible to proceed any further; and with only their blankets for shelter and covering, they crouched down in a little circle to await the conclusion of the storm. Language fails here to give even an idea of the intensity of their sufferings. They remained in this fearful condition, without food, fire or shelter, with the pitiless storm beating down upon their unprotected bodies, for the space of two days. In the meantime, at intervals of a few hours, four of the party died, not so much from starvation as exposure to the weather. The strength and courage of this little band had now entirely given out, with two or three exceptions. Eddy seems to have been endowed with miraculous courage and endurance, and it was owing to his unfailing efforts that the wretched party did not entirely despair.

On the third day, after persevering for hours, he succeeded in getting fire into a dry pine tree, which success seems to have inspired the almost lifeless group with a little hope. And now, to maintain life in their wasted frames, they were compelled to adopt the revolting alternative of eating the flesh of their dead comrades. Slowly and with extreme reluctance they were forced to this extremity. They remained stationary for two days, during which they took the flesh from the dead bodies, dried the meat by the fire, which they now succeeded in keeping up, and again started on their pathless journey. As they were totally unacquainted with the road, they could not cheer themselves with the hope that the travel of each day brought them nearer to their haven.

Gloomily and sadly they pursued their way on the trackless fields of snow, and the first of the month, New Year's day, which they had hoped would find them happily settled in their new home in this far off land, broke over them clear and cold, and found them at the foot of a huge mountain, almost perpendicular. Two days were occupied in ascending and crossing the mountain, and on the 3d of January their food—the dried flesh of their dead friends—entirely gave out and they stayed the pangs of their hunger with the leather strings of their snow-shoes. They were now deserted by the two Indians who had, up to this time borne them company. They, more fastidious than the rest, had not tasted of human flesh; and now, that even that had given out, dreading that their lives might be taken to furnish food for the others, they noiselessly stole away in the dead of the night. The first day the little party, now narrowed down to only eight, followed in the rear of the Indians, the way being plainly marked by the blood from their torn, frosted feet. While travelling painfully, wearily along, they discovered—joyful sight—fresh tracks of deer in the snow, and animated anew by this discovery they followed them for hours and finally succeeded in killing one at the base of another mountain. That night six of the party encamped on top of the mountain, the remaining two, a man and his wife, not able to go so far, stopped for the night about a mile in their rear. The next morning they went back for their comrades and found the poor devoted wife lying by the side of her dead husband, trying to impart some of her own warmth to his lifeless remains. The first law of nature is self-preservation; therefore they stripped his bones of the little flesh remaining upon them, and again started upon their wretched wanderings. During the next two days they were only able to accomplish a couple of miles, as one mountain after another arose to intercept their progress. Their provisions again giving out, they hailed as a godsend the sight of the two Indians who had preceeded them. One of them was already dead, and the other just dying as they reached him. After feasting heartily upon their wasted bodies, they continued their travels, which now, fortunately for the poor famished wretches, were nearer to an end than they were aware. Two more days brought them to an Indian trail, after following which for a day and a half they encountered a small Indian camp, where they were received kindly and fed upon acorns, the only food the poor natives had. Determined, while life lasted, to persevere in their efforts to reach the abode of white men and send back relief to their perishing friends upon the shores of the lake, *they started again after a rest of one* day, and after traveling in a violent rain storm—they were now beyond the reach of snow—in twenty-four hours they reached more Indians, with *whom they rested until the storm* ceased. Although completely used up, they continued upon the road for three more days, when all but one of the party gave out, their feet being in *such a frightful condition that to take* another step was an actual impossibility. This remaining one, Eddy, throughout all their sufferings and trials the comforter of the rest, with almost superhuman courage proceeded alone on his errand of mercy, and guided by two Indians finally reached the settlement of Bear creek. The inhabitants on hearing his touching tale of the "danger he had passed" during the month that elapsed since leaving the camp, with one accord prepared provisions and set out to the relief of those yet behind. The little exhausted, famished party of seven were brought on horses to Bear creek, and then all that kindness and sympathy could invent was done to make up for the unparalleled hardships of the preceding month.

And how feared it with those still in camp? Their sufferings were, if possible, more fearful than those just recovered, for they were in active, quiescent, while those that had gone on had at least the relief of action. The severity of the winter of 1846 was unequaled, and will forever be remembered by those who were fortunate enough to survive its horrors. The snow fell almost incessantly, the winds were piercing and raw, and whenever it happened that there was a clear day, it was so intensely cold that it did not mend matters. The snow increased in depth until it was actually higher than the roofs of the cabins of the unfortunate emigrants, and for weeks they had nothing to subsist upon but the hides of their cattle that had perished in the first storms. Geo. Donner and his family were camped near Prosser creek, about eight miles from the majority of the campers, and were even more poorly provided with hides than the others. But even amidst these terrible trials and sufferings, several of the number kept their journals regularly. Some of them are still in existence, and it is indeed touching to read the records of such sufferings and to note through it all the endurance and pious submission of these sorely tried people. There was no murmuring, no rebelling against the Power that had seen fit to send these terrible afflictions upon His people; since it was His will, they must submit, even though their nearest and dearest were perishing of want before their eyes. First the oldest and feeblest of the party closed their tired eyes in death, then tender little children, whose stomachs revolted against the tough boiled hides, followed. Strong men and women weakened and died of utter starvation, and all were buried in the snow, which, far as the eye could reach, covered the earth to the depth of from eight to thirteen feet. Those that were still alive hoping, praying earnestly that relief might come from beyond the mountains, after abstaining from nourishment until they, too, were nearly gone, reluctantly commenced feeding on the dead bodies that were so plenty around them; and as time wore on without a change in their fearful condition, almost all feelings of humanity were lost to them. Those who but a few short weeks ago sickened with horror at the bare idea of eating human flesh, now devoured it greedily, and with wild, hungry eyes watched the weak, failing ones, and eagerly calculated how much time would elapse before they would afford another meal. But I cannot linger on a scene so painful and harrowing. They had reached the very extremity of suffering, and if, with a few exceptions, they had lost all trace of humanity and conducted themselves more like wild beasts, surely none can blame them. Not until the middle of February did relief reach these wretched people. Parties of strong, men, with a plentiful supply of provisions, started from various places upon learning of the sufferings of these people, but owing to the fearful and dangerous conditions of the country over which they were compelled to travel, did not reach the camp until the greater number were past all help. All those that survived, with the exception of three, that started away with those that had come to their assistance, and from the accounts of the relief party, nothing more wild and ghastly than the appearance of the miserable survivors can be imagined. The three who remained behind were Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Donner and a person of the name of Keseberg. Donner was so emaciated and debilitated by the sufferings he had undergone that it was impossible for him to travel, and feeling intuitively that he had not many weeks to live, earnestly implored his wife to leave him. His pleadings were in vain. Throughout all her trials his wife had retained her deep, unselfish love for the chosen companion of her life, and now she

——"would rather die with him
Than live to gain the world beside."

At this day it is impossible to know what induced Keseberg to remain. "He was too weak," he said, "to travel at present, and if they would leave sufficient provisions, he preferred to wait where he was until Spring."

We have but meager accounts of the time that elapsed between the departure of the first relief party and the arrival of the second, some time in April. Mrs. Donner was, without doubt, constantly by the side of her sinking husband, endeavoring by unfailing sympathy and tenderness to cheer his way to the grave, and Keseberg, in his lonely cabin some miles removed from the Donners, who can judge of his occupations?

When the second relief party arrived at the spot, Keseberg was the only one living of the three, and his appearance was more ghastly and revolting than could be described. The floor of his cabin was covered with skulls and limbs of human bodies stripped of flesh, and in a kettle suspended on a blazing fire were different portions of a human body, preparing for his evening repast. When asked about Mr. and Mrs. Donner he replied that they were both dead—that Donner died some four or five days proceeding, and Mrs. Donner only two days previous Either from some confusion of his manner while making these statements, or from the fresh and bloody pieces of flesh strewn around his cabin, he was suspected of having murdered Mrs. Donner and accused of it. He denied this emphatically, but admitted that she died in his cabin. He said after her husband's death she came over to his camp, and after resting a few hours, attempted to return to her own, where the dead body of her husband was lying. However becoming bewildered, or from some other cause, she returned and died there in the course of the night. Although it was generally believed that she fell a victim to Keseberg, I think it is a matter of grave doubt. They then visited the camp of her husband, and found, as was represented, his body carefully laid out and wrapped in a sheet by his faithful wife. Poor Mrs. Donner! Gentle, refined and unused to hardships of any kind, surely thine was a cruel fate.

"Rest in peace, thou gentle spirit,
Throned above;
Souls like thine with God inherit
Life and love!"

(It is said that the same Keseberg now resides in the vicinity of Sacramento.)

Little else but a few scattered logs remain to point out the spot where these horrible sufferings took place. The mutilated bodies, bones, etc., remaining there in the spring were carefully collected and interred and the cabins burned to the ground. Notwithstanding this, I was shown, only a few days, ago, a large sack nearly full of human bones which were said to have been picked up on the spot eight or ten years ago. A large portion of skull was shown me, which the person exhibiting (the keeper of a public house a mile or two from the east end of the lake) claimed to be that of Geo. Donner himself. Be that as it may, the practice of hoarding such relics and exhibiting them to the curious gaze of passers-by is to be condemned. Let the bones of the wretched sufferers be decently buried, and say of them and each of the unfortunates that perished during that fearful season, *Requiescat in pace.*

Shall I Sell My Little Farm?

Farmers and mechanics as well as professional men, with comfortable homes in the country, are constantly tempted by the idea of making more money, to abandon old friends, old associations, and old habits of life, and seek to better their condition by removal to the cities and large towns.

Passing by, for the present, the sacrifice of home feelings and enjoyments which every man of mature age surrenders whenever he changes his accustomed home, we will now look only at the financial side of the question, and see what a man on any New England farm, great or small, gives up when he leaves it and goes to dwell in the town or city. We are always complaining that we get nothing from our farms, and we fancy if we could only get somewhere where money is more abundant, where wages are higher, where there is more going on, we should have some chance to be rich, and live more independently.

Perhaps there has never been a time when, in this country, a farm, or even a field or garden contributed so much to the independence of a family of moderate means as in these times of high prices. The reason is obvious. It is because all we buy, whether rent, or fuel, or provisions, costs more than ever before, and all that we do by way of labor, produces a greater value in the crops we raise.

You say you get little or nothing from your farm. Let us consider the matter and see whether we do not underrate the profits of the homestead. In the first place, you get your rent, an item of which farmers hardly think. Go to any large town, and such a house as will be as respectable for your family there as your present one is here, will cost you in rent some four hundred dollars. It may be newer and nicer than the old homestead, but it will be no more comfortable or convenient.

We say nothing of its being in some narrow, noisy street, where you do not know your nearest neighbor, and where you must hire watchers in case of sickness. That belongs to the sentimental side of the question, which to-day we leave out of sight.

Next, your farm gives you fuel—you don't know how much, for you never had occasion to measure it. A farmer's family of half a dozen persons consumes yearly from ten to fifteen cords of wood at least. Less fuel would suffice in the city, with a liberal outlay for furnaces, patent stoves and heaters; but with coal at ten dollars a ton, a ton being equivalent to about one cord of the best hard wood, when kindlings are paid for, another hundred dollars would be about used up.

A cow or two afford the farmer all the butter and milk he can use for his family. A pound of butter a week for each member of the family is a fair estimate, and at fifty cents a pound we have for our family of six, three dollars a week, or $150 a year, and if we add only two wine quarts of milk daily, at the city price of ten cents, we have $73 more.

A small patch supplies you with potatoes, of which you require some thirty bushels, which will cost you at retail prices as many dollars, although if you want to sell them at your farm they will bring much less, there being two or three profits between the producer and the city consumer.

A very few trees supply your apples, worth four or five dollars a barrel if you bury them. And any ordinary garden gives the family vegetables fresh in summer, which the city will not do at any price. The small matters of currants and raspberries, and strawberries, the pears and grapes, all become large matters when paid for in money. The fowls that give abundance of eggs, and a supply of poultry for Thanksgiving and Christmas, seem of little account till reduced to a specie basis; and two or three porkers grow up with little cost, and in autumn are worth a hundred dollars almost before we know it, and thus our bills for pork and lard and fresh meat are easily balanced with the butcher.

In the country, everybody has a horse. We care little about driving, perhaps, but the boys and girls, at least the boys, ought to learn to ride and drive, and they do that and learn how to tend the horse and cow without going to an agricultural college. In the city or town, only men of wealth can afford to keep horses, and hiring them at stable prices is almost as expensive.

So, brother farmer, when you have got into your hired house, with never a wood-lot nor a garden, nor a potato patch, nor a cow, nor a hen, you may also set it down that you can have no horse; and if you, however prosperous in money matters, do not sigh for the flesh-pots of the old homestead, come and tell us the other side of the story.

☞A wide-awake minister, who found his congregation going to sleep on Sunday before he had fairly commenced, suddenly stopped and exclaimed: "Brethren, this is not fair, it isn't giving a man half a chance. Wait till I get along, and then, if I ain't worth listening to, go to sleep; but don't before I get commenced, give a man a chance."

☞A person pointed out a man with a profusion of rings on his fingers to a cooper. "Ah, master," said the artisan, "it is a sure sign of weakness when so many hoops are used."

☞A tippler called at a hotel and asked for a room with four beds in it. He said he usually retired so "gone" that he could not find the bed unless there was one in each corner.

☞Many persons are in advance of their age, but an old maid generally manages to be about ten years behind hers.

"THE Social Lyre"—A female gossip.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 16, 1867.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

We are anxious that all indebted to us for subscription to *Globe*, advertising, printing, books, stationery, etc., etc., should make payment immediately, or not later than the 20th of January next. The first of the year is a good time to square up, and we would feel *extremely* happy on the first day of the new year if we could then say that all indebted to us now had gave us a *friendly* call. We desire to keep square with the world and "at peace with mankind," but to do so we must have our own. We will expect those *knowing* themselves indobted to give this call their immediate attention.

All persons having claims against us will present them for settlement.

The United States Senator Question.

The *Journal & American's* announcement last week that Gov. Curtin had withdrawn from the Senatorial contest, was *slightly previous*. It was only a trick of his enemies. He continued a candidate to the end of the contest, thereby keeping his white washed friends in very deep water.

Where is "The Soldiers' Friend" now? The people are with him still, but the politicians—the *honest* Representatives of their will—have gone back on him and them. The father of the soldiers' orphans is cast aside as readily as the old clothes off the back of a successful gambler. Curtin is not the only "Soldiers Friend" who has received a double dose of ingratitude.

The first fruits of the great Republican victory in Pennsylvania: "Simon *points up!*" Curtin, "The Soldiers' Friend," Stevens, the "Great Commoner," nine-tenths of the Republican press, and forty-nine fiftieths of the party, *point down*.

A consultation meeting of *all* Senators and Members opposed to the election of Simon Cameron, was held at the State Capital Hotel in Harrisburg, on Thursday afternoon last, previous to the caucus meeting held in the evening. Gov. Curtin, Thad. Stevens, Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Hon. Galusha Grow, Wm. B. Mann, Hon. A. K. McClure, Gen. Hartranft, Hon. Jacob Hoffman of Berks, Hon. A. E. Roberts, O. J. Dickey, Major Lemuel Todd and L. Kauffman, of Cumberland; Dr. Joseph Gibbons and J. M. Willis Geist, of Lancaster; John W. Forney, Major G. M. Lauman, Gen. Collis, and other representatives from many sections of the State were also present.

The meeting was organized at three o'clock, by the appointment of Hon. T. J. Bigham, Senator from Alleghany, as chairman, and L. M. Lee, one of the Philadelphia members, Secretary.

Mr. Bigham explained that the object of the meeting was to enable them to hear suggestions as to the best means to preserve, intact, the organization of the Union party of the State, and to do no violence to the popular sentiment. For that purpose the three gentlemen named for Senator, Messrs. Stevens, Grow and Curtin, had been invited, and the meeting was now prepared for any suggestions that might be presented.

Gen. Fisher, Senator from Lancaster, was the first to speak. He said there was no doubt as to the unanimity of sentiment upon one question. He believed that the election of Simon Cameron to the Senate of the United States at this time would be the greatest disaster that could happen to the Republican party.

He did not believe a Senator could be elected without going into joint convention. He believed there were enough good friends of the Union party in the Senate to prevent an election there, and the question was whether there was a sufficient number belonging to the House that would staud firm.

The list of yeas and nays of the members of the Legislature being called, it appeared that the following gentlemen opposed to the election of Cameron answered to their names: Messrs. Bigham, Billingfolt, Browne of Lawrence, Fisher, Royer, Taylor, White, Adair, Allen, Armstrong, Chase, Colville, Davis, Day, Espy, Ewing, Gallagher, Gordon, Lee, Leech, Pennypacker, Peters, Quay, Richards, Roath, Stearcy, Stehman, Wilson and Wingard.

Thaddeus Stevens was the next Speaker. "He had not intended to take part in this canvass, but many of his friends insisted upon his coming here, urging that his presence might possibly prevent a great calamity. He did not disguise the fact that there were two gentlemen who had more votes to operate with than he could expect to have in this convention. When the election was over, he took occasion to count, with an intimate friend of one of the prominent candidates (he meant General Crmeron himself), and nineteen votes were all that he claimed. Gov. Curtin had a much larger number than that. Mr. Grow and himself had a few each, and yet he was told Madame Rumor says that these nineteen votes have been very *prolific*, and that the number for Gen. Cameron now is whatever he chooses to put it. [Laughter.] Gov. Curtin's number, he feared, had not been much increased, but had been diminished. [Laughter.] In conclusion, Mr. Stevens said he should continue to be a candidate under all circumstances, lest a worse man should get the votes of his friends."

Gov. Curtin said "he had reluctantly allowed his name to be mentioned as a candidate for this high office, and had subsequently made a vigorous fight, and determined not to withdraw from the field. There were some gentlemen who desired to vote for him if the caucus meets, and there are others who might do as they please in regard to the matter and settle their accounts with their constituency at home."

Col. Lemuel Todd said "he had no hesitancy in saying that the election of Simon Cameron would be the worst calamity that could befall the State. It would be a dishonor, not only to the State, but to every member of the Republican party. The disease requires a radical remedy, and it is for the men who are faithful to Republican principles to set their faces against this corrupt effort of Simon Cameron and strike at the very roots of it. Better ten thousand times that no election should be made than that he should disgrace us. The true plan is for the people here from the different sections of the State to avow their sentiments on this subject, so that our representatives may know what the feeling is, and act upon it. If the people are in favor of it they may have the chance of expressing the wish if the election is postponed. The true policy of those who are opposed to Cameron is to force the election before the House and defeat him at all hazards."

Col. John W. Forney said, "while he appreciated the modesty which actuated those who were not members of the Legislature, and deferred to the good taste of leaving this subject to be disposed of by themselves, yet, as one of their constituents, he believed it his duty to state that no infliction would give to the great Union organization a more fatal, if not mortal, wound than that which is now threatened. He belonged to what is called the fourth estate in American politics, an humble member of the Radical Union press, accustomed to take the responsibility, and have been literally on the picket line since the beginning of the rebellion. (Applause.) As such he had learned as well the danger and the value of a bold example in a crisis like this. We are poor, frail men.—here to-day and gone to-morrow. The discharge of a great duty makes us, when it is well discharged, immortal; and, as so gloriously stated by the distinguished gentleman, Mr. Thaddeus Stevens, the other day, at the close of his remarkable speech, in which he unconsciously delineated himself: "This is a crisis that men may become immortal, but cowards always craven." There is not a Republican man or woman in Pennsylvania whose heart today is not throbbing with indignation over this spectacle, and yet we are hesitating as to the discharge of a plain, patent, public duty. I think, frankly that those gentlemen who are to deliberate to-night, and vote for Simon Cameron in known violation of the wishes of their constituents, are simply signing their own death warrant. There is not one of them who will not be marked by the people, and if there is an independent tongue and and pen in the State every one of them will be followed from now on until they are called to answer at the bar of public opinion." [Cheers.]

Hon E. Billingfelt, Senator from Lancaster county, said, "his position on this question was so well known that he deemed it scarcely necessary to say a word in defence of it. In this as in many other cases, truth, like murder, will out. We might just as well face the music now as at any other time, for we shall have to meet our constituents and settle the account. He said a great crime was to be perpetrated to night. The high office of U. S. Senator was to be bartered away for gain. There was not a gentleman in the room (if there was he would call upon him to step forward) who did not believe this. There was not a Senator present who did not feel satisfied from the bottom of his heart that this office would be bartered and sold to night. It was their duty, if they felt they could not consistently unite in this offer, and aid in this crime about to be perpetrated upon the Republican party of Pennsylvania, to refrain from attending the caucus. He was sure that there was not a member of the Republican party of Pennsylvania who would not receive the commendation of his constituents for such action. Nine out of every ten intelligent citizens will endorse their action if they remain out of the caucus; and he, for one should not become a party to a movement that would bring dishonor and disgrace, not only upon the members of the Legsslature, but upon their constituents and the great Republican party of Pennsylvania, by giving his voice or lending his presence to a body of men who are going to assemble to night, to set at defiance the best and holiest wishes of that great party."

After which all persons present retired except the members of the Legislature, and what they said or agreed upon was not made public.

HARRISBURG Jan. 10.—The Senatorial caucus organized at eight o'clock, in the hall of the House.

Senator Bigham moved to adjourn the nomination to Monday evening. Lost by a vote of fifty-four to twenty-eight.

A ballot was then taken on the nomination of Senator, when Cameron received forty-six votes; Curtin, twenty-three; Stevens, seven; Grow, five; absent, from Lancaster, 2—total, 83. The following is the vote:

FOR CAMERON.

Brown, (Mercer,) Coleman, Connell, Cowles, Graham, Hains, Landon, Barton, BROWN, (Juniata,) Cameron, Chadwick, De Haven, Donehough, Freeborn, Ghegan, Harbison, Hoffman, Humphrey, Kennedy, Kerns, Kimmell, Kinney, McCamant, McKee, Lowry, McConaughy, Ridgway, Stutzman, Worthington, Hall, (Speaker,) Mann, Marks, Mechling, Melly, Seiler, Sharpless, Shuman, Stumbaugh, Subers, Waddell, Weller, Wbann, Woodward, Worrell, Wright, Glass, (Speaker.)

FOR CURTIN.

Adair, Allen, Chase, Colville, Davis, Day, Espey, WHARTON, Ewing, Gallagher, Gordon, Lee, McCreary, Royer, Taylor, Wingard, White, Pennypacker, Peters, Pillow, Quay, Wallace, Watt.

FOR STEVENS.

Bigham, Armstrong, Wilson, Richards, Roath, Stacey, Stehman.

FOR GROW.

Brown, of Lawrence, Shoemaker, Leech, Webb, McPherrin.

On the announcement of the above vote, Cameron's nomination was made unanimous on motion of M. S. Quay, of Beaver.

The Democratic Senators and Representatives held a caucus on Wednesday and after the withdrawal of several names, unanimously agreed to support Hon. Edgar Cowan for U. S. Senator, in apposition to the Republican candidate.

Cameron, Geary & Co.

Mr. F. B. Penniman, editor of the old Pittsburgh *Gazette*, a strong Republican organ, writing from Harrisburg on Wednesday last, says:

"General Geary has fully identified himself with Cameron. So far, all his appointments have been made with the view of detaching support from Curtin and transferring it to Cameron. Whatever appointments he has to make of pecuniary value, are all pledged to promote the same end. This course on the part of the incoming Governor excites conflicting comments, according to the Senatorial predilections of the individuals talking. There are low threats of reprisals at the elections next autumn, and abundant predictions that Geary's administration will be in the minority in the next Legislature. How far these dolorous prophesies result from a definite forecasting of the future, and how far from the bitterness of present disappointment, it would be idle to speculate.

General Cameron's friends are exultant over his anticipated election. In their elation they more than intimate that a persistent effort will be made to secure the General the Presidential nomination in 1868. This will interfere with General Geary's ambition, which aims at nothing less than the Vice Presidential nomination, and gives sign that it will seek the higher mark."

☞ The passage of the bills admitting Colorado and Nebraska into the Union, with the provision that within said States there shall be no abridgement or denial of the exercise of the elective franchise or of any other right, to any person on account of color or race, and the passsage of the District suffrage bill, pretty thoroughly commits the Republican party to the principle of universal suffrage.

The above extract is from the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, a Republican journal. The truth of its comment can be readily seen; and yet we are told by men too incredulous to think of the future by the present, that such things will never be. Such a future we believe inevitable, if Congress can pass such bills with impunity, or for the mere purpose of calling forth a Presidential veto. The idea of universal suffrage is gradually losing its hideousness under the gentle smoothings that a few far-seeing minds in Congress see fit to give it. The unhappy difficulty in which the Republic is now involved may be increased tenfold, but all we have to say is, if we are going to have the worst, let the people know it, so that they can make the best out of it.

THE TWO PICTURES.—Edgar Cowan, elected by the Republican party, now is the nominee of the Democratic party. Simon Cameron,—who does not recollect the statement of Boyer, in 1863, the Manear, Lebo and Wagon seller transaction, the Indian speculation, the Scotch ale and straw hat purchases, the resolution of censure on record in Washington, Wm. D. Kelley's letter, and who can read the Republican press to day and say amen to the election of Simon? We would not advise the election of Cowan, under the circumstances, neither could we vote for Simon if he should receive fifty caucus nominations. Sticking to such politics is not our politics.

Col. McClure publishes one of the best Republican papers in the State—he is a whole team, and is recognized as one of the most able party men in the State. But he is not a Cameron man—hear how he talks. In his last paper, speaking of Cameron he says:—"He never won a position but by fraud, and never left one but with dishonor." That's rough. But McClure is not afraid to speak out in plain English.

A French newspaper offers to give annually £40 as a wedding portion to the "poorest and most virtuous girl!" indicated by its subscribers, and also to give £2 a month to such as give the best solution of a riddle. How will the fact be found out?

A funny sight, but true—to see all the old Democratic politicians at Harrisburg electioneering for Simon. Simon is expected to have an influence with the President, that's all there is in it, and that's what's the matter.

Why was Gov. Curtin defeated for U. S. Senator? Because Simon *Camer-on* with his *Simon*-pure "how come you so." The *Curtain* dropped, Stevens *staved in*, and Grow *grew* less.

Hon. Thad. Stevens has openly asserted that the nomination of Cameron will be the certain defeat of the Republican party at the next State election. His rooms are constantly crowded with visitors.

☞ In the test oath case, the majority of the Supreme Court has decided that the test oath is unconstitutional; also that Congress has no constitutional power to limit or abridge the pardoning power of the President.

☞ The announcement in Europe of the commencement of proceedings looking to the impeachment of the President, has had the tendency greatly to weaken the confidence of European capitalists in our securities.

[Special Despatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.]

Particulars of the Arrest of Surratt.

WASHINGTON, Januarry 8, 1867.

The following is Consul General Hale's letter in full, relative to the arrest of Surratt. It is dated Alexandria, Egypt, and addressed to Secretary Seward. None of its contents have been published:

Agency and Consulate General of the United States of America, Alexandria, Egypt, Nov. 26, 1866.

SIR:—I have the honor to report that in consequence of a telegram received via Constantinople from Mr. King, United States Minister at Rome, and of several letters received from Mr. Winthrop, United States Consul at Malta, the Mediterranean wire being unfortunately broken between Malta and this place, I have this day arrested a man calling himself Walters dressed in the uniform of a Zouave, who arrived at Alexandria on the 23d inst., in the steamship Tripoli, from Naples, and who is believed to be John Harrison Surratt, one of the conspirators for the assassination of President Lincoln. The telegram and some of the letters having been delayed in transmission, I was fortunate in finding the man still in quarantine among the third class passengers, of whom there is no list kept whatever. It was easy to distinguish him among seventy-eight of these by his Zouave uniform, and scarcely less easy by his almost unmistakable American type of countenance.

I said at once to him: "You are the man I want. You are an American." He said, "Yes, sir, I am." I said, "you doubtless know why I want you? What is your name?" He replied promptly—"Walters." I said, "I believe your true name is Surratt," and in arresting him mentioned my official position as United States Consul General. The director of quarantine speedily arranged a sufficient escort of soldiers, by whom the prisoner was conducted to a safe place within the quarantine walls. Although the walk occupied several minutes, the prisoner close at my side made no remark whatever, displaying neither surprise nor irritation.

Arrived at the place prepared, I gave him the usual magisterial caution, that he was not obliged to say anything, and that anything he said would be at once taken in writing. He said: "I have nothing say. I want nothing but what is right." He declared he had neither passport, nor baggage, nor money, except six francs. His companions confirm his statements in this respect. They say he came to Naples, a deserter from the Papal army at Rome. I find that he had no papers and no clothes but those he is wearing. The appearance of the prisoner answers very well the description given of Surratt by the witness Welchmann, at page 11 of Pitman's report officially sent to me by the Government, and is accurately portrayed in the likeness of Surratt in the frontispiece of the same volume. Mr. King and Mr. Winthrop speak in confident terms of the identity of the Zinan Walters with Surratt, and after seeing the man I have not a shadow of doubt of it.

According to the well established public law of this place, as the prisoner avowed himself an American and submitted without objection to arrest by me on my statement that I acted for the United States, and especially as he has no paper to suggest even a *prima facia* claim for belonging to any other jurisdiction, there is no other authority which can rightfully interfere here with his present custody, and I have good reason for saying that no attempt at interference will be set on foot by any authority whatever pretension he may make. The prisoner's quarantine will expire on the 29th. He will then be received into the prison of the local Government, which gives me every assistance.

A letter from Leavenworth of the 4th says from all accounts the troops so horribly massacred by the Indians were *en route* to Fort Laramie for escort duty, and after marching a sufficient distance from Fort Phil. Kearney to prevent the successful escape of any of the party, the Indians, who had been notified of their departure by squaws and spies at that post, followed the command, and while they were peacefully reposing from the fatigues of the march, surprised them just before daylight and butchered the whole party.

The quality of wool is tested by taking a lock from the sheep's back, and placing it on a surface representing an inch in length. If the spiras count from thirty to thirty-three in that space the wool is equal to the finest "Electoral" or Saxony wool. The staple is inferior accordingly as it takes a lesser number to fill up the same space.

On Friday John Shaffner, an old citizen of Fort Dodge, Iowa, was killed by the accidental discharge of a pistol. He was talking in relation to a suicide which was committed in St. Louis some time ago, and taking up a loaded revolver to show how the act had been performed, the pistol was discharged.

The number of lumber yards now in Chicago is 107, against 86 at this time last year; and the estimated amount of lumber now piled up in the yards is 150,000,000 feet, against 134,000,000 at the same time last year.

A Yankee girl, who wished to hire herself out, was asked if she had any followers or sweethearts. After a little hesitation she replied: "Well, now, can't exactly say. Reckon more a sorter yes than a sorter no."

Baron Adolphe Charles de Rothschild, who presided over the Naples branch of this great banking house, has retired from business with the snug little fortune of $10,000,000.

A man traveled one hundred and fifty miles in a skiff with a basket of vegetables to exhibit at the fair recently held at New Orleans.

A writer in the New York *Citizen* advocates the nomination of Gen. Cameron as President and Speaker Colfax as Vice President.

Surratt is being brought to this country by the steamer Swatara, and will be here by the last of January.

Corn cobs soaked in oil is a new article of trade in Newark. The cobs are used for kindling fires.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAY STEER.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Juniata township, in the early part of September last, a pale red STEER, with a few white spots over his body. The point of both ears are split. Supposed to be about two years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away; otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.
EDWARD THOMPSON.
Ja16

Notice.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon & Broad Top Mountain Railroad and Coal Company will be held at their office, No. 258 South Third street, Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5th, 1867, at 11 o'clock, A. M., when an election will be held for a President and Twelve Directors to serve for the ensuing year.
J. P. ARTZEN, *Secretary.*
Ja16-3t

Brass Musical Instruments FOR SALE.

1 Silver E flat Cornet, 2 Brass E flat Cornets, 2 E flat Altos, 3 B flat Tenors, 1 Baritone, 2 E flat Basses, 1 Bass Drum.

The above outfit for a Band will be sold at very low rates, and those desiring to purchase should avail themselves of this opportunity.

Apply to E. W. THOMAS,
Huntingdon, Jan16-tf *Teacher of Cornet Bands.*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—
[Estate of John Russell, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary upon the will and testament of John Russell, late of Hopewell township, Huntingdon County, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned.
JOHN RUSSELL,
JACOB RUSSELL,
Jan 16, 1867-6t.* Executors.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership existing under the name of S. E. HENRY & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent—Wm. F. Johnston retiring. The business of the late firm will be settled by S. E. Henry.
S. E. HENRY,
WM. F. JOHNSTON.
Huntingdon, Jan. 7, 1867. THOS. S. JOHNSTON.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of HENRY & CO., and will continue the business heretofore carried on by S. E. Henry & Co.
SAML. E. HENRY,
THOS. S. JOHNSTON,
Huntingdon, Jan. 7, 1867. CHRISTIAN LONG.

ROBLEY & MARSH,
MERCHANT TAILORS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have formed a partnership in the above business and will constantly keep on hand the best and most fashionable Goods in the market, comprising all kinds of

Fancy Silk, Mixed Goods & Cassimers.

Also, the best quality of

BLACK CLOTHS AND DOESKINS.

Both having had large experience in the business will try to please all.
Their room is on Smith street, two doors below Main.
H. ROBLEY,
Ja18-3m GEO. F. MARSH.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY
BY
DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. IN NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE, ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications free.

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Locke-jaw, etc.
2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (where not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4 Gravel, Diabetes, and Kidney Complaints.
5 Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Diseases, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors; (those last named always cured without pain, or cutting, or plasters in any form.)

In a word, we propose to cure all curable diseases.

We have no connection whatever with any other Electrical office in this or any other county. All letters address to
WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,
Ja16 Huntingdon, Pa.

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
DECEMBER 1, 1866.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 8.10 and 9 35 A. M., and 2 10 and 9.00 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Pennsylvania R. R. arriving at New York 5.00 and 10 10 A. M., 2.40, 6.20, 10 25 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 00 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 10 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Tamaqua and Shamokin Division, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3 20 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 8 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M., and 3.30 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 a. m. returning from Reading at 2.30 P. M., stops at all stations; Pottsville at 8.45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 11.30 a m, and 1.05 P M; Tamaqua at 9.45 A M., and 1 and 8 55 P M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.00 a m.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4.30 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 00 A M., and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg, 9 35 a m, and Reading 1.20, 7 30 a. m., for Harrisburg; 11 22 a m for New York, and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, Jan. 1, 1867. *General Superintendent.*

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Thursday, January 10, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.			STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	NORTHWARD TRAINS.	
ACCOMMO. P. M.	EXPRESS A. M.			ACCOMM. A. M.	EXPRESS P. M.
LE 4 04	LE 7 50		Huntingdon,	AR 11 22	AR 4 15
4 24	8 10		McConnellstown,	11 02	4 4
4 34	8 18		Pleasant Grove,	10 54	4 10
4 50	8 34		Marklesburg,	10 38	4 00
5 06	8 54		Coffee Run,	10 22	3 45
5 14	9 02		Rough & Ready,	10 14	3 36
5 26	9 14		Cove,	10 02	3 24
5 30	9 18		Fisher's Summit,	9 58	3 20
AR 5 45	AR 9 33		Saxton,	AR 9 43	LE 3 05
	LE 9 43			AR 2 55	AR 2 55
	10 03		Riddlesburg,		2 35
	10 11		Hopewell,		2 27
	10 23		Piper's Run,		2 09
	10 59		Petersville,		1 47
	11 11		Bloody Run,		1 34
	AR 11 15		Mount Dallas,	LE	LE 1 30

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

	LE 9 45		Saxton,	AR 9 30	AR 3 00
	10 00		Coalmont,	9 15	2 45
	10 05		Crawford,	9 05	2 35
	AR 10 15		Dudley,	LE 9 00	LE 2 30
			Broad Top City,		

Huntingdon Jan. 10, 1867. JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—A regular meeting of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society will be held in the Court House on Tuesday evening of the coming January court, 15th inst. The annual election of officers will be held at that time and other business of importance attended to.
An Agricultural address will be delivered by T. H. CREMER, Esq.
By order of the Society. R. M'DIVITT,
ja2 Secretary.

E. W. THOMAS,
Teacher of Cornet Bands,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Having had considerable experience in teaching music he promises to give entire satisfaction to Bands or individuals, in town or country, desiring his services.
Any bands desiring music, or music arranged, will please address him. ja2-2m

BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

☞ For plain, fancy and ornamental printing, call at the "Globe" Office.

VERMICELLI, Barley, Rice, Hominy, Beans, &c., at Lewis' Family Grocery.

WOOL BLANKETS, Coverlids, Army Blankets, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

J. WEICHSELBAUM,
OPTICIAN,
FROM PHILADELPHIA,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon, and vicinity, that he has opened a Room at the Franklin House, where he offers for sale SPECTACLES! of every variety, and quality.

A new invention of Spectacles, for distant or close reading, with gold, silver, steel and tortoise-shell frames, and a new and improved assortment of Perifocal and Parabola ground flint Glasses of his own manufacture. He would particularly call the attention of the public to his Spectacles for NEAR SIGHTED PERSONS, and for persons who have been operated upon for the Cataract of the Eye, and to his new kind of Glasses and Conservers of the sight, made of the best flint and azure Glasses. Good Glasses may be known by their shape, exact centre, sharp and highly polished surface. The qualities are to be found in a high degree in his Glasses.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.
VERY BEST BRAZILLIAN PEBBLE AND ROCK CRYSTAL!

So universally proved to be far superior to any other glass. Also, MICROSCOPES, SPY AND QUIZZING GLASSES OF EVERY SIZE AND QUALITY, TELESCOPES, MAGNIFYING AND OPERA GLASSES, with different powers, together with every variety of articles in the Optical line not mentioned.

OPTICAL and other Instruments and Glasses carefully repaired at short notice. He can always select Glasses to suit the vision of the person, as he sees them, upon the first trial. He will remain in this place during the first week of January Court, and those in want of the above articles will please give him a call.

He will, if required, go to any respectable house where his services may be wanted.

☞ The very best Eye-Water and the best Hunting Glasses always for sale.
Jan. 1, '67-

First National Store.

ROHM & MILLER have just received at their new store another invoice of Ladies and Gentlemen's

DRESS GOODS,

of the very latest styles, which they are now offering to the public at the most reasonable rates. Their stock consists of Silks, French and American Merinos, Paris and Algaia Plaids, Furs, DeLaines, Jaconet Barred, Cambric, Bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Shawls, Flannels, Calicoes, Hoods, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Wood and Willow ware, Carpets and Oil Cloths, Family Groceries, and the largest and best assortment of QUEENSWARE in "ye ancient borough."

All those desirous of getting bargains will not fail to stop in and see us at our New Store south west corner of the Diamond, (Fisher's old stand,) Huntingdon, Pa.
ROHM & MILLER.
jn2

ENTERPRISE, ORIGINALITY, AND REDUCTION COMBINED AT

CLEASONS' Mammoth Store,
BARNET, Huntingdon Co.
GREAT COST SALE

Commencing Wednesday, December 19, 1866, and closing January 19, 1867.

We must have money within that time and have adopted this novel and attractive plan to dispose of our

IMMENSE STOCK

Of Fall and Winter Goods, only for CASH,

AT ACTUAL COST.

We will sell standard sheeting Muslins a yard wide at 20 cents, best American Prints 20 cents, DeLaines 20 cts. Miner's Flannels 45 cents, Gold Medal Spool Cotton, 200 yards, only 3 cents, best spool cotton, 7 cents, skirt braid 3 cents, white cotton 16 cents, wool hose 40, chewing tobacco 80 cents, smoking tobacco 45 cents, Sugar 10 cts, Tea 75 cents, best Green Coffee 30 cents, paper Coffee 15 cents, and other goods in proportion.

Embrace the golden opportunity and secure

Bargains Never Before Equalled.

Overcoats at $ 7, price last year $12.
Do 10, do do 15
Do 12, do do 18
Do 24, do do 40
Men's Boots, 1.75, do do 3.00
Do 2.50, do do 5.00
Do 3.50, do do 7.00
Ladies' Shoes from $1.25 to 2.50.

Dress Coats, Pants and Vests, at a corres ponding reduction. Leading Goods down one half. Hardware, household Furniture, Stoves, &c., reduced one-third.

The goods were recently purchased at greatly reduced prices, and are now offered at what they actually cost in New York.

☞ Remember the sale continues only one month, and will be continued strictly on the cash principle. de19

WEST HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY.

JAMES SIMPSON,
Iron Founder,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,

Manufacturer of all kinds of work in his line, among which the

FARMER

Will find Threshing Machines, Plows, Sled soles, Kettles, &c. The

BLACKSMITH

Will find Round Mandrils, hollow Anvils, block and roller Tire benders, Tire irons, sled and sleigh soles, Wagon boxes, &c. The

MILL-OWNER

Can have all kinds of Machinery. The

BUILDER

Can have door and window sills and Lintels, sash weights cellar window grates, all sizes, porch stand s, armor for rain spouts, chimney caps, pavement castings, for coal and wood cellars, heaters for warming private dwellings and public buildings, doors and frames for bake ovens, iron railing for verandahs, porticoes, balconies, and fences of all kinds.

Particular attention paid to fencing grave lots. Everybody can have threshing machine, plow and stove repairs and all kinds of iron and brass castings.
JAMES SIMPSON.
de12-6m

NEW LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

Fine Leather,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF-SKIN, KIP, MORROCCO, LININGS, BINDINGS, SOLE, UPPER, HARNESS, SKIRTING, &c.,

Together with a general assortment of FINDINGS.
The trade is invited to call and examine our stock.
Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.
The highest price paid for hide and bark.
C. H. MILLER & SON.
Huntingdon, Dec. 12-3m

NOTICE TO TAX COLLECTORS.—The Tax Collectors of Hopewell, Penn and Carbon townships, in Huntingdon county, and of Liberty township, Bedford county, having tax claims against Robert Hare Powel or Powelton Coal and Iron Company, will present the same to WM. M. CHASE, immediately, for payment, at Powelton, Huntingdon county, Pa. Ja9-3t

STRAY BOAR.—Came to my premises in Walker twp., about the first of October last a Boar, supposed to be about a year old, with three black spots. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.
jan.1.'67. W. D. REED.

STRAY.—Came to the residence of Wm. Morgan, in Hopewell twp., Huntingdon county, on December 18th, 1866, a dark sorrell mare, supposed to be six or seven years old. The owner is requested to come and prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law. dec.31.'66* WM. MORGAN.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.
THOMAS N. COLDER.

The undersigned having now entered into the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that he will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.
THOS. N. COLDER.
Alexandria, Oct. 23, 1866-tf.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE! If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

COFFEES, SUGARS AND TEAS.
ALL THE CHOICE KINDS FOR SALE
At Lewis' Family Grocery.

HAMS. HAMS.

Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at
Lewis' Family Grocery.

CHEESE. CHEESE.

The best always for sale at
LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY.

SALES.

PUBLIC SALE AND AUCTION.

On Thursday the 17th of January, 1867,

At ten o'clock A M, I will positively offer at public sale the VALUABLE

DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT

situated on Hill street, between Charles and Franklin. After which the following lot of Valuable

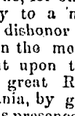
Household and Kitchen Furniture,

Consisting of three complete suites of handsome marble top walnut BED-ROOM FURNITURE, one elegant walnut green repped covered PARLOR SUITE, one hair cloth covered walnut SITTING-ROOM SUITE, with oak and walnut DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, two French plate pier MIRRORS; three new Brussels and two Ingrain CARPETS; elegant Brussels stair Carpeting, Oil Cloths, Matting, Stoves, Queensware, Glassware, &c. &c.
JAS. L. GLAZIER.
Huntingdon, Jan. 1, 1867.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Valuable Farm Stock, &c., &c.

The subscriber will offer at Public Sale in PORTER township,

On Thursday, 31st of January, 1867,



6 head of Horses, 2 two year old Colts, 7 head of Cows, and 1 Bull, Alderney stock, 3 breeding sows and 1 boar, 1 two-horse carriage, wagons, cart, plows and harrows, cultivators, threshing machine, mower and reaper, horse-rake, grain drill, chopping mill, Fodder and Straw Cutters, Platform Scales, and a large number of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on same day when the terms will be made known.
THOS. N. COLDER.
Porter tp., Jan 9.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

A Comfortable frame Dwelling house with six rooms, located in Washington street, Huntingdon, will be sold at private sale.
For further particulars call at MARCH & BRO'S store, Huntingdon, Pa. de12-tf

LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers have some lots in the town of Grantsville, or Marklesburg station, which they will sell at low price, from $30 to $100. All who desire a good healthy location to build would do well to call upon them soon at their store, and secure for themselves lots at low prices.
Grantsville, my16. BOYER & GARNER.

SHERIFF'S SALES

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 16, 1867.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Local Advertisements.

Advertisements (puffs or notices) published in local columns at ten cents a line single insertion, counting seven words to a line. tf.

Brief Items.

—Beyond suspicion—the character of the weather.

—A chance for the Good Templars—the tight money market.

—The Methodist revival still continues with some evidence of success.

—The Presbyterians of this place held their annual week of prayer last week.

—The Gas Company of this place paid a revenue of $144 08 to the Commonwealth, for 1866.

—There is an Equal Rights League in the borough of Johnstown. Wonder if women are admitted.

—The Auditors have met to audit the accounts of the county. The statement will soon be published.

—Ten cents will be paid at this office for a full copy of the Chicago *Weekly Times*, of week before last.

—The Huntingdon Silver Band will go to Harrisburg to-day, to be present at the inauguration ceremonies of Gen. Geary, the Governor elect.

—Many of our citizens are going to the inauguration of Governor Geary. Hope they will have a good time, and learn what it is to be a Governor.

—Farmers and merchants will find the weekly report of the markets published in the *Globe* of material benefit to them Always look for the changes in the *Globe* columns.

—A caution to carpenters and others—do not leave any combustible material such as shavings, etc., near your stoves, as terrible accidents occur from this specie of carelessness.

—If it is true that "all is not gold that glitters," is it not also true that noble objects sometimes flicker awhile in the fancy only to tickle it, and then disappear? *Vide* town hall, market house, etc.

—The nail factory of B. Johnson & Co., in Hollidaysburg, which was destroyed by fire some weeks ago, has been rebuilt, and is again in operation. About one hundred men are employed in the mill.

—Not a few persons, who were good enough to work at the fire on Friday last, got a plentiful supply of cough, cold and pain for their trouble, and we were among the number. We, therefore, know how to sympathise.

—Wild game appears to be unusually plenty this year, in this and neighboring counties. Eight panthers have been killed in Centre county. Wild cats and turkeys are the most numerous in this section.

—We had another heavy fall of snow on Saturday night, which has made sleighing in tenfold better condition. Who will be the first to be upset in a drift? Upsets are pleasant—indeed they is, when you don't get hurt.

—This year there are five Sundays in March, June, September and December. This is something unusual. The ministers will thus have four extra days to prepare the minds of the unconverted for the acceptance of gospel truths.

—We had a visit from our friend Rev. Theo. L. Flood, who is now in charge at Seabrook, New Hampshire. He looks well, and if we may judge from his effort on Sunday evening last in the M. E. Church, preaching is his forte. Success to him.

—Mathias Bowser, a soldier of the war of 1812, died at his residence in Greenfield township, Blair county, on the 2d inst., at the advanced age of 77 years, 6 months and 18 days. He was a native of Bedford county, born in Bedford township, near Bedford.

—Nicholas Riley, convicted of the murder of James R. Crawford, at Gaysport, Blair county, on the 16th of October last, and who was sentenced to six years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary, has been pardoned by Gov. Curtin. Riley is now at home.

—Mr. Cornman, editor of the *Monitor*, met with an accident to his press on Saturday last, by which one of the supports of the platen gave way to too much pressure. He fears he will have to get another machine. Accidents will happen to printers as well as other men. However, we hope the break can be effectually repaired.

—The Pennsylvania Reserve Association extend an invitation to any who may at any time belonged to the Reserves, to join this association. All who desire to participate in a banquet on the 30th of May next will address John H. Taggart, Box 652, Philadelphia, giving name, rank, company and regiment. Here's a chance, ye braves.

—If we were not deceived we believe that there was an effort made to establish a Reading Room in this place a short time ago. Why it failed, or why the Association has not been organized, we cannot tell. If that has fizzled like *that* Town Hall, we can only attribute it to the lack of money or zeal, or want of confidence in our people, or the dread of striking while the iron was hot.

—The worth of our two antediluvian (B. C.) fire engines was fully tested at the recent fire. Now, is there any property-holder who will hesitate giving a dollar or two to help getting a couple of useful suction engines? What will the borough do in this matter?—We think our citizens, rich and poor, are willing to submit to a tax in order to get good apparatus, and we hope the matter will be brought before the Council at its next meeting. There is danger in delay.

Fire.

On Friday last about twelve o'clock, noon, the carriage-shop belonging to Mengel & Gahegan, situated on Washington street, near Bath, took fire in the basement story, and almost instantly the frame fabric was in flames, the fire having communicated to the paints, varnishes and oils with which the room was stored. Indeed, so rapidly did the fire spread that it was impossible, at the time it was discovered, to save any of the property. The proprietors were both at dinner, and reached the shop in time to see the flames spreading with increasing rapidity and fury. The engines were early on the ground, but unfortunately they were useless for a time, as both were frozen from having been left standing with snow or water in them. The Juniata, the smallest engine, was the first to be put in working order, and then not until the adjoining dwelling house of Mr. J. E. Greene had caught from the flames, which lashed with unquenchable fury over and around it. Fortunately, almost all the furniture, etc., in the dwelling, was removed before it caught. The other houses adjoining the conflagration,—the brick of Dr. Snare, and the frame of Mr. Murray,—were saved through the exertions of our citizens; but it was with the greatest difficulty that a blacksmith shop to the rear was prevented from catching. It is the belief that if the large engine—the Phœnix—had been in fit condition, the dwelling house of Mr. Greene would have been protected, but it was not until the whole building was in flames that it commenced to play at all.

The unfortunate men lost heavily. Mr. Mengel lost in the neighborhood of $1800; he had also some lumber, window frames, etc., for a new house, destroyed, besides a sleigh, carriages, and tools. Mr. Greene's loss is about the same. The house cost him $1500, which he had recently paid for, and was about having it insured; he and wife lost some valuable clothing. Neither of the parties had insured their property, and they have accordingly met with almost a total loss; but we are pleased to note that the proverbial liberality of our citizens is being extended to them, who, all being in limited circumstances, are in need of the same.

It is not positively known how the fire originated, but it is thought that some shavings in the shop had taken fire from the stove.

Huntingdon Cornet Band.

We are pleased to state that the above worthy institution has received the silver instruments, for which subscriptions were collected a few weeks ago. The band is now prepared to vie with the best in the State, and under their efficient leader, Prof. E. W. Thomas, it will not be long, we think, before they will become as good as any. The instruments they have received are beautiful, and the music they discourse is exquisite, owing, of course, to the skillful manner in which they are fingered. Our citizens can rejoice with us that we have such a good Band in our midst so well equipped, and we trust all will co-operate in securing their services wherever possible. We renew our congratulations to the Band, and hope they will continue to flourish their trumpets for many years to come.

Broad Top Railroad.

The Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad is 44 miles in length, extending from Huntingdon to Mount Dallas. At Huntingdon it connects with the Pennsylvania Railroad. The guage of the road is 4 feet 8½ inches. It has 11¾ miles of siding and 14½ miles of branch road, viz: Shoups Run 9½; Six mile Run, 4½; and Sandy Run, 1 mile. The weight of rail per yard on main track is from 45 to 60 lbs. The equipment of the road consists of 16 locomotives, 2 first class passengor, 4 baggage, mail and express, 3 freight, and 126 coal cars. The amount of capital stock authorized by law is $800,000; preferred $300,000; and by merger of the Bedford Railroad, $250,000 additional. The amount of stock subscribed is 12,352 shares common, and 3,81 preferred. Par value of stock, $50.

State Convention of County Superintendents.

A body of intellectual "gents" called County Superintendents, met in solemn conclave at Harrisburg, and after sundry sessions, during which grave and deliberate counsels prevailed, it was resolved that when they adjourned, they would proceed to the Mammoth Store of Henry & Co., and purchase a supply of Dry Goods, Oil Cloths, Shawls, Coats, Circulars, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Iron, Nails, Salt, Flour, Feed, &c.

P. S. The largest assortment of Ladies Furs in town. †

Another Chance.

We are requested to state that Gleason's Great Cost Sale will be continued until the 18th of next February, as about $30,000 worth of the most substantial, attractive and best selected stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, &c., remain unsold, and will be positively closed out at *less than actual cost*. See the incredibly low prices in last week's paper. *

Hay, Fodder or Straw Wanted.

The cash will be paid for a load or two of good hay, topped fodder, or straw, at this office.

Spotted Fever.

We learn that this disease is prevailing to a considerable extent in the valley along the Raystown Branch, in this county. Three or four deaths have occurred from it. Its victims seldom recover, and their sufferings are of short endurance. It is supposed to be contagious, bvt of this we are not assured.

Lost.

On the 31st of December, on the Ice, on the Canal near the bridge at Cunningham's Store, a small round gold breast pin, with a pearl in the centre. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it with Dr. D. P. Miller. 1t*

Three Months Labor

Reduced to one week, by the use of the Family Knitting Machine, now in operation on Washington St., opposite the *Globe* office. Its worth cannot be told on paper, therefore call and see it.

MARRIED,

On New Year's day at Shade Gap, by Rev. J. A. Price, Capt. D. R. P. NEELY and Miss LIZZIE MINNICK.

On the 20th of Dec. 1866, by Rev. S. A. Holman, Mr. JAMES J. HAMOR, of Duncansville, to Miss MARTHA J. GARLAND, of Spruce Creek.

At the bride's home, on the 26th ult., by Rev. B. H. Hunt, Capt. JOHN A. LIVINGSTON, of Huntingdon Co., and Miss MARY L. STATLER of Schellsburg.

On Dec. 27th, 1866, by Rev. George Elliott, JOHN M. FLEMING, of Mifflin county, to Miss E. J. RUDY, of Huntingdon county.

On Jan. 1st, '67, at the Parsonage of Evan. Luth. Church, in Williamsburg, by the Rev. S. McHenry, Mr. JAMES A. YINGLING, of Yellow Springs, to Mrs. ELIZA J. GREEN, of Shaver's Creek, Huntingdon County, Pa.

On January 3d, at the residence of Mrs. Catharine Blair, in Altoona, by Rev. A. F. Shanafelt, Mr. JAMES HOUSEMAN, to Miss REBECCA ENTYEAR, both of Alexandria, Huntingdon county Pa.

On January 3d, 1867, by Rev. W. Downs, JAMES L. HOFFMAN, of Huntingdon, to Miss MARGARET E RIDEN, of Derry township, Mifflin county, Pa.

December 20th, 1866, by Rev. Theobalt Fouse, A. EDWARDS to Miss ELIZA LYNN, both of Lincoln Township, Huntingdon county Pa.

January 10th, 1867, by the same, at the bride's fathers, Mr. CHRISTIAN B. SHONTZ, to Miss LIBBIE DONNELSON, both of Lincoln Township, Huntingdon county Pa.

On the 10th inst., by Rev. James C. Clark, at Huntingdon, Mr. JOHN B. YOUNG, to Miss MATILDA KENSINGER, both of Bedford county Pa.

At the residence of bride's parents, on Wednesday, Jan. 9th., by Rev. Mr. Clark, Mr. JAMES E. WILSON, of Huntingdon Furnace, to Miss JENNIE KEIFER, of Rural Choice.

We extend our congratulations to the above happy couple. Their remembrance of the printer is acknowledged, and may they enjoy all the blessings which this life affords, matrimonially; may their coffers be always full, and may they have many joys to make their journey cheerful and contented.

On the 26th ult., at Alexandria, by Rev. S. Moore, Capt. GEORGE WILSON, to Miss MARY T. WALLACE, all of the place above mentioned.

We are pleased to note that our young "typo" friend has embraced the favored opportunity and got a good "take" in a handsome bride. He has gone west to publish a journal. May he have success, and learn through experience that the wife of his choice is the companion of his joys and trials. A long and happy life to each of you, and may you make favorable "impressions" amongst friends in your new home.

DIED,

At Saxton, Bedford county, MARY M. WEAVER, wife of Ferdinand E. Weaver, formerly of Williamsburg, aged 31 years, 11 months and 26 days.

In Juniata twp., on Saturday the 12th inst., after a short illness, JOHN N. MOSSER, aged 47 years, 9 months and 9 days.

In this place on Sunday night last, Mrs. AMELIA WALLACE, wife of Francis B. Wallace, aged — years.

MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 12, 1867.

Prime cloverseed is scarce and wanted. We quote new at $8@8.75 ₱ bushel. Timothy ranges from $3.25@3.75 and Flaxseed at $2.35@3.

There was no demand for Flour, except from the home consumers, who purchased only enough to supply their immediate wants. Sales of 500 bbls. including superfine, at $4.25@4.75 ₱ bbl., extras at $9@10.75, common and choice Northwestern extra family at $11.50@13.50, Pennsylvania and Ohio do at $12.14@14.25, and fancy brands at $14.50@17, according to quality.

Rye Flour sells at $7.35 per bbl.

There is very little Wheat offering, and the demand is entirely confined to prime lots which command firm prices. Sales of Pennsylvania red are quoted at $2.85@3.10, and No. 2 spring at $2.65; white ranges from $3.20@3.40. Rye is held at $1.40 per bushel for Pennsylvania. Corn was less active, but we continue yesterday's figures; 3000 bushels good yellow at $1@1.03, and 2500 bushels white at $1.03. 1500 bushels Oats at 59@60c.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 12.—Flour.—The market is active. We note sales low grades spring wheat Flour at $11.25@12; and winter wheat Flour at $13.75@14.

The transactions in Wheat are tight. No 1 spring at $2.80. No. 2 at $2.45@2.50, and wait rat $3. The Corn demand is light and market quiet We note sales 1 car cut corn on the track at 70c and 1 car at 78c.

Barley sells at 95c. Rye at $1 22@1 25.

Fair demand for oats and from first hands may be quoted at 50c, and from store at 51@54c.

Under large receipts the hay market is drooping. One car on the track sold at $2 per ton, and offerings were made at $18. From country wagon we quote prime Timothy at from $27@31.

Dressed hogs sold at from 6¾@7¾c. Single they sold at 7¾@8c. We note sales of 1.25 bushel Peach Blow Potatoes at $1 per bushel; 75 bushels Buckeyes at $1.05, and 30 bbls Neshannocs at $2.25 per bbl.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Flour quiet; spring wheat $10.37@12 Wheat 2 or 3c lower; No. 1 $1.15@1.25; No. 2, $1.03@1.04. Corn at 79½c. Oats, No. 1, 41½c. and No 2 at 40c. Rye is quiet at 86c. Barley 71c. Lard, 11½@11¾. Dressed Hogs are firmer, closing at $6.05@6.80. The week now closing has been an active one for packers and dealers in hogs. More hogs have been received during the last six days than for any corresponding period in nearly two years, and should the weather and roads continue good the receipts next week will doubtless be as large.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan 12.—Gold closed at $1,34.

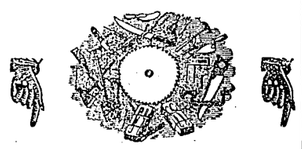
HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour ₱ bl.–$12.00	Cloverseed.....$2.25
Extra flour.....13.25	Hops ₱ lb.....40 @ 60
Family Flour.....13.50	Ham, smoked.....20
Apple Butter ₱ gallon...1,25	Hay ₱ ton.....15,00
Barley.....93	Lard.....13½
Butter.....30	Large Onions ₱ bus.....1,00
Buckwheat.....1,00	Mixed Chop.....2,00
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt..3,75	Oats.....50
Bran ₱ cwt.....1,25	Potatoes ₱ bus.....80
Brooms ₱ doz.....3,00@4,50	Plaster per ton.....10,00
Beeswax ₱ lb.....30	Rags ₱ lb.....4
Beans ₱ bus.....2,50	Rye.....1,10
Cloverseed ₱ 64 lbs.....8,00	Rye Chop ₱ cwt.....2,00
Chickens.....20	Rye Straw ₱ bundle.....8
Country Soap.....10	Shorts ₱ cwt.....1,6
Corn.....75	Shoulder.....15
Corn Meal ₱ cwt.....2,0	Sides.....17
Dried Apples ₱ bu.....2,25	Tallow.....10 @ 12
Dried Cherries ₱ quart...10	Timothy.....4,00
Dried Peaches ₱ lb..15 to 25	Turkeys.....75 @ 1,50
Dried Beef.....20	Wheat Red.....2,50
Eggs.....23	Wheat White.....2,80
Feathers ₱ lb.....90	Wool ₱ lb.....45

1867. 1867.



BE HAPPY

WHILE YOU MAY

WITH YOUR MERRY

Bells and Sleigh!!

For all Kinds of

SLEIGH BELLS

ROUND AND OPEN, LOOSE AND

STRAPPED IN EVERY STYLE,

SLEIGH RUNNERS, SOLES,

SHAFTS, FENDERS AND

WILLOW SLEIGH BODIES,

GO TO

JAS. A. BROWN'S

NEW METROPOLITAN

HARDWARE STORE,

Hill st., Huntingdon, Pa.

Where he also Offers at Reduced Prices a Splendid Assortment of

NEW YORK

SKATES,

Coal Buckets,

Hot Air Registers for Ceilings, &c.,

New Patent Lanterns,

LAMPS and OIL,

PAINTS & VARNISHES,

PATENT

LINE HOLDERS,

LOCKS, HINGES, SCREWS,

And an endless Variety of Goods

in the HARDWARE line.

DON'T FORGET THE

METROPOLITAN!

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE

IN HUNTINGDON.

NEW GOODS

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also, CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, oct. 31, 1866.

WHAT WAS WANTED!

OPEN and READY FOR BUSINESS

H. GREENBERG,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened a new store in Fisher & Son's New Building, in the Diamond in Huntingdon, where all kinds of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

PIECE GOODS,

Hats, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags, etc.,

Can be found to suit all who may favor him with their patronage.

His Piece Goods are of the best quality and will be MADE UP TO ORDER in the most fashionable and best make and style. All goods can be bought at this establishment from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other place. All desiring a good suit of clothing at a fair price should call and examine goods and prices. All goods leaving his establishment will be warranted to be what may be represented.

H. GREENBERG,
Huntingdon, Nov. 21, 1866. Merchant Tailor.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS,

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yenter's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

NEW STORE

AND

NEW GOODS.

WM. S. ENTRIKEN

WOULD respectfully inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has opened a store at

COFFEE RUN,

On the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad. His stock consists of,

1. LADIES' DRESS GOODS, the most general variety, selected with the greatest care, and to suit the taste of the most fastidious.

2. GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, the very best the market afforded; entire suits of any and every quality desired.

3. GROCERIES. In this department he defies competition. It consists of best Rio Coffee, Java, Imperial, Black and Green Teas, Sugar, several qualities, Molasses, every variety, Salt, Fish and Tobacco, and every article usually kept in our larger stores.

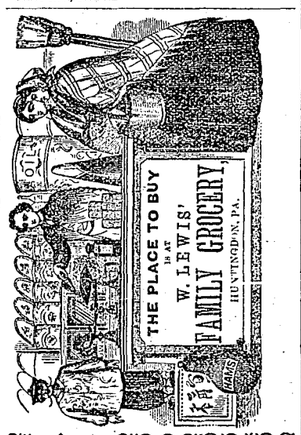
BOOTS, SHOES, BALMORALS, QUEENSWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

These goods are all fresh from the market; all new and selected with the greatest care.

The public patronage is respectfully solicited. We warrant good measure and honest weight.

Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at the highest market prices. WM. S. ENTRIKEN

Coffee Run, oct31-3m



Choice GROCERIES

JUST RECEIVED.

Also,

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.

Also,

Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and

All kinds of Syrups,

such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c

CALL AND SEE.

LUMBER SOLD ON COMMISSION.

S. E HENRY & CO.,

Are receiving all kinds of LUMBER, comprising all the different grades of

BOARDS,
FRAME STUFF,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
PLASTERING LATH,
PLANK,
WORKED FLOORING,
WEATHER BOARDING,
FENCING,
RAILING, &c., &c., &c

Which will be sold at prices at the mill, with freight added. no7

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken *UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.*

All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at Lewis' Book store. may2,1866tf WM. PENTIMAN.

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

AGENTS WANTED.

$25.00 BARTLETT $25.00

SEWING MACHINES.

Fully Licensed. Exclusive territory given. Pay from $3 to $20 per day. For terms, illustrated Circulars, &c., address, with stamp, either office. PACK BROTHERS, Gen'l Agents, 614 Chestnut St., Phila., Penn. 221 Summit St., Toledo, O.

AGENTS WANTED.

November 28, 1866-3m.

DR. LEON'S

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS.

THE PERFECTION OF MEDICAL SCIENCE.

Dr. Leon's Electric Hair Renewer.

It is a positive cure for Baldness.
It restores Gray Hair to its original color.
It is a Tonic, *not a Dye*, and acts upon the secretions.
It immediately arrests falling out of the hair.
It alleviates Neuralgia and Headache.
It radically cures Dandruff and Humors.
It keeps the scalp healthy, clean and cool.
It is an elegant and exquisitely fragrant Hair Dressing
It restores, cultivates and beautifies the hair.
It makes harsh hair flexible and lustrous.

Dr. Leon's Electric Hair Renewer has enjoyed a high local reputation for many years. Its wonderful restorative and invigorating properties are well known to the Medical Faculty of Philadelphia.

Being fully satisfied of the merits of Leon's Electric Hair Renewer we have procured exclusive ownership and are determined that every household in our land shall have opportunity to reap its benefits.

DR. LEON'S INFANT REMEDY.

A most delicious and efficacious cure for the various ills to which Infants and Young Children are subject.

Invaluable for Teething Children!

It softens the gums, abates inflammation, invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and is a sure and speedy cure for Colic, Cramps and Windy Pains.

A most excellent preparation for children of a restless and fretful habit, and in all cases of Looseness, Griping, Vomiting, or other inward grief, it gives immediate ease.

Used for more than half a century in the private practice of one of the most eminent physicians of Philadelphia.

In now placing this article within the reach of all our countrymen, we would remark that we know it to be a Remedy of unrivaled excellence and that it has proved in thousands of cases, as we are resolved it shall in millions, a priceless boon.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

SILVER'S WASH POWDER!

SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.

Makes Washing a Pastime and Monday a Festival.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT!

Address all orders for any of the above to

ZEIGLER & SMITH,

no14-1y *SOLE PROPRIETORS.*

137 Nth. Third St., Philadelphia

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

JEWELERS & SILVER-SMITHS,

822 CHESTNUT ST.,

PHILADELPHIA,

Are opening a very full list of the productions of foreign industry and art, of their own selection in European capitals, including a great variety of articles of use and ornament, in

BRONZE, BRONZE AND GILT, GILT AND CRYSTAL, CUT GLASS, DECORATED LEATHER AND PORCELAIN.

BRIDAL, OPERA & PARTY FANS,

Of every variety and price.

FRENCH MANTEL CLOCKS, ASES, FIGURES and CANDELABRAS.

WATCHES,

In great variety; and all warranted.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY,

A large and very choice selection.

SILVER-WARE,

An increased line of Rich Articles for Bridal Gifts and Table use.

PLATED WARES,

From the best English and American Manufacturers, comprising altogether a collection attractive in beauty, complete in detail, and moderate in price. no14-2m

SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,

EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS and IMPORTERS

—OF—

Gold, Plated and Oreide Jewelry,

SOLID AND NICKEL

SILVER WARE,

American, English and Swiss

WATCHES,

CASED BY OURSELVES, and every description of

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,

Especially adapted AND designed for SOUTHERN AND WESTERN TRADE.

Circulars and full descriptive Price Lists sent free. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,

Oct.31,-3m. 51 DORRANCE STREET, Providence, R. I.

DOBBINS'

ELECTRIC SOAP

SAVES TIME,
SAVES MONEY,
SAVES LABOR,
SAVES CLOTHES,
SAVES WOMEN,

AND ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

It is used by cutting into small shavings and dissolving in hot water, then soak the clothes five to ten minutes, and a little hand rubbing will make them as clean as hours of hard machine rubbing would do, with ordinary soap, and the most delicate fabric receive no injury. We can refer to thousands of families who are using it, and who could not be persuaded to do without

DOBBINS'

ELECTRIC

SOAP,

Sold by all LEADING GROCERS

THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

WHOLESALE OFFICE:

107 SOUTH FIFTH STREET,

Philadelphia.

Highest Price Paid for Prime Tallow.

☞ For sale at LEWIS' Family Grocery.

Oct. 15, '65–6m.2p

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,

Preferred by all practical Painters! Try it! and you will have no other. Manufactured only by

ZIEGLER & SMITH,

Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,

No. 137 Nth. Third st., Philada.

Jan24-1y

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.

Wonderful Scientific Discovery

For the Treatment of Acute and Chronic Diseases.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the afflicted females of Huntingdon county, and the adjoining counties, that I have taken instruction in the correct application of Electricity, and am now fully prepared to operate successfully for the cure of persons afflicted with the following named diseases, viz:

General Debility,	Neuralgia,
Kidney Complaints,	Nervous Diseases;
Liver "	Female Weakness,
Spinal Affection,	Piles and Gravel,
Costiveness,	Bronchial Affection,
Foul Stomach,	Dyspepsia,
Rheumatism,	Headache,
Diseases of the Womb,	Diabetes,
Suppressed Menses,	Goiter, or Big Neck.

Female patients can receive treatment at my residence for any of the above diseases with the wonderful discovery of Electricity; which is without a parallel, and the very desideratum for the afflicted. Please give us a trial. It is a mild operation, producing no shock or unpleasant sensation, and relieves where medicine has no effect at all.

MARGARET LEWIS,

oc10-3m Newton Hamilton, Mifflin co., Pa.

CHOICE Teas, Coffee, Sugars and Molasses, for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN,

oc. 31 '66.,

1867. 1867.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

FALL AND WINTER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon Oct. 31, '66.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one door west of W Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAELLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,

Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

se27 Second floor of Brown's Hardware building

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.

A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, oct. 31, 1866.

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

The subscriber has a *NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE,* and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country. J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

OIL CLOTH WINDOW SHADES,

GILT GOLD SHADES,

MUSLIN SHADES,

BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

TAPE, CORD AND TASSALS

ULL ASSORTMENT

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

READY RECKONER

A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO wholesale and retail, at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CANNED PEACHES and Tomatoes Mixed Pickles, Tomatoe Catsup, Pepper sauce, &c., & for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

S. E. HENRY & CO. have the largest stock of Ladies Shawls, Hoods, Sontagues, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Ladies Coats, Sacks and Circulars

SEGARS.—Best quality of Segars mb7 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CARPETING OF ALL KINDS at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

COURT AFFAIRS,

JANUARY TERM, 1867.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 24th of November, A. D. 1866, under the hands and seal of the Hon. George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Benj. F. Patton and Anthony J. Rower, his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictments made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felony of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 14th day) of January next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 10th December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and the 90th year of American Independence.

JAS. F. BATHURST, *Sheriff*.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing test the 22th of November, A. D. 1866, I am commanded to make public Proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 3rd Monday (and 21st day) of January, A. D., 1867, for the trial of all issues in said Court which remain undetermined before the said Judges, when and where all jurors, witnesses, and suitors, in the trials of all issues are required.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 10th December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and the 90th year of American Independence.

JAS. F. BATHURST, *Sheriff*.

Sheriff's Office, Huntingdon, Dec. 19, '66.

TRIAL LIST,

JANUARY TERM, 1867.

FIRST WEEK.

A. Harshbarger, Fisher & McMurtrie & Jno M'Comb	vs	Elliott Robley.
Adolphus Patterson	vs	Isaac Zimmerman.
P. Shoenberger's exer.	vs	Wilson & Lorentz.
Thomas Norris	vs	John Forshey.
Joseph B. Wilson	vs	John W. Scott.
David Hicks for use	vs	Harrison Gorsuch.
James Kyler	vs	J. G. Boyer & A. Johnston.
Thomas L. Norris	vs	Same.
John Kyler	vs	Same.
Wm. Morgan	vs	Same.
David Stinson	vs	Same.

SECOND WEEK.

Henry Lytle	vs	James Ker's admrs.
Sarah Alexander	vs	John Shaffer.
John Megahan	vs	J. G. Boyer & A. Johnston
Matthew McCall	vs	Same
Matthew Garner	vs	Same
Frederick Garner	vs	Same
B. L. Megahan	vs	Same
A. Patterson for use	vs	W. S. Entrekin.
Moses Mock	vs	G. Dorsey Green.
John F. Herron	vs	David Blair.
James Edwards	vs	Elizabeth Edwards.
John M. Stoneroad	vs	G. W. Owens et al.
Robert Gill	vs	John O'Neill.
Dr. Benj. Shoemaker	vs	W. J. Mattern et al.
Thomas Norris	vs	Daniel Protzman.
George C. Hamilton	vs	David Fouse.
Grove & Hoover	vs	Daniel Protzman.
Benj. M. Hill	vs	Lucy W. Brown et al.
M. & H. S. Frank	vs	S. Cohn & Co.
Joshua M. Booher	vs	John Swine.
Joel Weagert	vs	Wm. Gensimore.
Enos McMullen	vs	Benj. Beer's admr.

J. R. SIMPSON, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office, December 19, 1866.

GRAND JURORS FOR JANUARY TERM.

Samuel Barnet, carpenter, Barree
G. W. Baker, farmer, Tod
Milton Breneman, farmer, Union
James Barr, farmer, Jackson
William Brown, merchant, Carbon
Alexander Couch, farmer, Barree
Levi Evans, J. P., Coalmont
Jonas W. Green, farmer, West
Andrew Gilleland, farmer, Cromwell
Alexander Gilleland, farmer, Tell
Jacob F. Hoover, farmer, Penn
Wm. Henderson, farmer, Jackson
Wm. McClure, laborer, Porter
James Maguire, gentleman, Huntingdon
Jeremiah Need, carpenter, Springfield
Samuel Pheasant, farmer, Cass
George Quarry, farmer, Cass
John Robb, farmer, Walker
John W. Scott, founder, Tod
Mahlon Striker, farmer, West
Nicholas Shaver, farmer, Shirley
Robert Tussey, farmer, Morris
G. P. Wakefield, farmer, Shirley
Paul Walker, farmer, Oneida

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

James Bricker, gent., Huntingdon
Reuben Baker, farmer, Tod
James Burket, farmer, Cromwell
Daniel Bolinger, farmer, Tell
Reuben Crum, farmer, Tod
Thos. Covenhoven, farmer, Barree
Ralph Crotsley, farmer, Cass
Joseph Douglass, merchant, Walker
Elijah Gorsuch, farmer, Oneida
George Garner, farmer, Penn
Henry S. Green, farmer, Tod
David Hare, farmer, Porter
D. Henderson, shoemaker, Alexandria
Jacob Hetrick, blacksmith, Henderson
Levi G. Heck, farmer, Cromwell
Perry Harris, innkeeper, Shirleysburg
Eli P. Heeter, farmer, Carbon
Collins Hamer, farmer, Porter
Robert Hampson, shoemaker, Clay
Adams Houck, farmer, Tod
Henry Hall, innkeeper, Hopewell
John Jackson, farmer, Jackson
Frederick Kuhn, laboror, Morris
Thomas Locke, farmer, Springfield
Isaac Long, teamster, Huntingdon
Wm. McClain, farmer, Clay
Perry Moore, farmer, Morris
Robert Mason, laborer, Penn
John Maguire, merchant, Huntingdon
James McCall, farmer, Penn
W. B. McWilliams, farmer, Franklin
John Mitchell, farmer, Carbon
George Mills, farmer, Dublin
G. W. Mattern, farmer, Franklin
G. S. Myerly, farmer, Union
Joseph Mingle, farmer, Warriorsmark
Robert McPherran, farmer, Franklin
John M. Oaks, farmer, West
Elias Rodgers, watchman, Shirley
Asa Stevens, tailor, Clay
Samuel Sprankle, farmer, Porter
Isaac Swoope, farmer, Shirley
John A. Shultz, farmer, Henderson
John B. Thompson, farmer, Franklin
John L. Travis, fence maker, Franklin
John Vandevender, J. P., Walker
T. D. Walker, carpenter, Alexandria
Geo. A. Wagoner, farmer, Clay

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Adam Auman, farmer, Hopewell
Richard Ashman, merchant, Clay
Jackson Beaver, Farmer, Penn
John C. Bolinger, farmer, Cromwell
Henry Chamberlain, inn keeper, Morris
John Copenhaver, laborer, Shirley
Joseph Carmon, merchant, Huntingdon
Nich Cresswell, gentleman, Alexandria
Andrew Crownover, merchant, Barree
Levi Dell, farmer, Union
S. Miles Green, iron master, Porter
John Garver, of Benj., farmer, Shirley
Samuel Gregory, farmer, West
Robert Graffius, farmer, Alexandria
Adam Heeter, farmer, Clay
Lewis Irvin, laborer, Union
Samuel Isenberg, farmer, Shirley
William Keaster, farmer, Springfield
Joseph Logan, Blacksmith, Barree
James Lee, farmer, Penn
Charles Morrow, farmer, Porter
John Magor, clerk, Huntingdon
Samuel H. McClain, farmer, Carbon
Christain Peightal, farmer, Barree
Abraham Pheasant, farmer, Cass
Levi Pheasant, farmer, Union
John L. Ramsey, farmer, Springfield
Samuel Tussey, farmer, Morris
John Vandevender, laborer, Brady
J. P. Watson, farmer, Walker
David Wallsmith, farmer, Oneida
William Williams, artist, Huntingdon
David Whittaker, clerk, Huntingdon
John Warfel, farmer, Henderson
William Wilson, tailor, Tell
Robert Cummins, farmer, Jackson

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

RAILROAD STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this Line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware. Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

LEDGES, HAMMERS,

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING ARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,
Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for circular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON-BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please.☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, February 27, 1866.

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. H. WOODS,

AUTHORIZED GOVERNM'T AGENT,

And Attorney for Soldiers and their Friends.

He will prosecute and collect, with unrivalled success, Soldiers' Claims and Dues of all kinds. Also, any other kind of Claim against the Government, before any of the Departments.

Glorious News!

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY!!

NEW BOUNTY LAW PASSED!

Attention, Discharged Soldiers!

The Act of Congress approved July 28, 1866, gives $100 additional bounty to all soldiers who enlisted for three years and were discharged by reason of expiration of service, or who were discharged for wounds received in battle and who have not received more than $100 bounty for such service. An additional bounty of $100 is also allowed to the nearest relative of soldiers who enlisted for a term of three years and who died or were killed in the service, to be paid in the following order: First, to the widow; second, to the children; third, to the father, and fourth, to the mother.

Soldiers' Widows.

By applying to W. H. Woods, of Huntingdon, Huntingdon county, Pa., you can have your pensions increased two dollars a month for each and every child you have, and when the widow has married or died, the children are entitled to the increase.

To all who have brought home the bodies of their friends who died or were killed in the service of the United States, there is a certain amount of compensation allowed you for the expenses incurred in bringing home the bodies of your friends, which you can obtain by making application to me.

Invalid Soldiers, Attention!

The act of Congress, approved June 6, 1866, gives additional pensions to the following class of persons:

Soldiers who have lost both eyes or both hands, $25 per month; who have lost both feet $20 per month; who have lost one hand or one foot, or totally disabled in the same, $15 per month.

Persons who have been deprived of their pensions in consequence of being in the civil service of the United States Government, can be restored to the pension roll by applying to me.

Fathers and mothers who were in whole or in part dependent upon their sons for support are entitled to a pension. Also brothers and sisters under sixteen years of age

All discharged soldiers who did not receive transportation to their places of enlistment when discharged, are entitled to receive it; and also all who were held as prisoners of war, and did not receive commutation of rations when released or discharged, are entitled to it.

Officers who were in the service on the 3d of March, 1865, and were discharged after the 9th of April, 1865, by applying to me can receive three months extra pay.

Soldiers of 1812!

All soldiers, or soldiers' widows, of the war of 1812, who have served two months, or been wounded or disabled in such service, if in necessitous circumstances, are entitled to an annuity of $40.

Local Bounty.

All veteran soldiers who gave their credit to districts in the State of Pennsylvania, and who received no local bounty, are entitled to receive three hundred dollars.

All persons having any of the above mentioned claims, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, will please address me, giving full particulars, enclosing a stamp for return postage, and they will receive a prompt reply.

W. H. WOODS,
Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,
aug15,1866 HUNTINGDON, PA.

BROUGHER'S PATENT EXCELSIOR

BROOM HEAD OR WRAPPER.

PATENTED DECEMBER 26, 1866.

Everybody his own Broom Maker.

This head or Wrapper is constructed of Tin or Zinc, with sliding band and bolts, in connection with the centre bolt passing through the handle, holding it secure.

The article to which we call your attention is very simple, light and strong, weighing but SEVEN OUNCES.

The farming community have long needed an article of this character; and the high price of Brooms, together with the simplicity, durability, and practical utility of this invention makes it more saleable than any other article ever introduced.

☞ We offer borough, township, and family rights for sale on reasonable terms, in the county of Huntingdon.

For further particulars, call and see the subscribers, or address THOS. G. STRICKLER & SON,
feb7,1866 Huntingdon, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

NEW FIRM.

MARBLE YARD

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, as at low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church feb14,1866ly

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin s's., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

LOVE'S Pure and Superior Rio Coffee in packages of one pound, for sale at *LEWIS & CO'S* Family Grocery.

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery. Call and see.

PURE SPICES at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

PERFUMERY and Fancy Soaps for sale at *LEWIS & CO'S* Family Grocery.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS, For sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of black and fancy Cassimeres at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

WILLOW and CEDAR WARE for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

THE BEST EASTERN CHEESE mh7'66at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

1867. THE 1867.

LARGEST AND BEST

STOCK OF

WALL PAPER

Ever Brought to Huntingdon,

Is now ready for inspection and sale,

AT

LEWIS'

Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES

AT

LOWER PRICES

Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.

OUR STOCK

Consists of upwards of

One Hundred Different Styles

OF

Wall & Ceiling Paper & Bordering,

FOR

The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.

Call at the "Globe" Building,

and examine our stock and prices.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

LUMBER.

THE undersigned has just received and is now ready to supply the public with

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,

COMPRISING ALL THE DIFFERENT GRADES,

From cullings up to the clear stuff,

From 9 months to 2 years dry!

Also,

PLASTERING LATH,

JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,

BUILDING STUFF AND PLANK.

WORKED FLOORING, WEATHER-BOARDING,

DOORS, WINDOW-FRAMES, SASHES, &c at reasonable prices.

Now is the time to buy, before the Spring rush, as Lumber is already advancing, and dry lumber is a scarce article. CHAS. H. ANDERSON.

Huntingdon, Feb. 27, 1866

JUNIATA

STEAM PEARL MILL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

IS NOW

IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.

The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.

GRAIN, of every description,

Bought at this mill.

McCAHAN & SON.

Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS, NEW FIRM.

BOYER & GARNER

Would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened a

NEW STORE AT GRANTSVILLE, (Marklesburg station)

Consisting of Groceries of all kinds, Dry Goods, such as prints, muslins, de laines, &c.; Hardware, Queensware, and a large lot of Shoes at reduced prices; Hats, Caps, Tinware, salt, fish, wooden and willow ware, drugs and stationery, which they are prepared to sell at very low prices to those who will favor us with a call.

BOYER & GARNER.

Grantsville, May 16, 1866.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1866.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

DONNELL & KLINE'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

CONSTABLE'S SALES,	ATTACHT EXECUTIONS.
ATTACHMENTS,	EXECUTIONS,
SUMMONS,	DEEDS.
SUBPŒNAS,	MORTGAGES,
SCHOOL ORDERS.	JUDGMENT NOTES.
LEASES FOR HOUSES,	NATURALIZATION B'KS.
COMMON BONDS,	JUDGMENT BONDS,
WARRANTS,	FEE BILLS,

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIERE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes.

Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the **HUNTINGDON GLOBE.**

BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly at short notice, and on good Paper.

BLANK BOOKS, OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

TO ALL PERSONS INTERESTED.

All persons indebted to the undersigned will call immediately and make settlement, as he is about to close business. M. GETMAN.

Huntingdon, Nov. 14, 1866

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS constantly on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

COTTON CHAIN, Carpet Chain, Cotton Laps, wick Yarn, Tie Yarn, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON ARE selling off at greatly reduced prices.

FISH. FISH.

Best MACKEREL and HERRING for sale retail a Lewis Family Grocery.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community. Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Ludon, on Hill street. ap10,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the Franklin House in the old bank building, Hill street, Huntingdon.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. J. J. & J. D. FEE,
may2,1866 Proprietors.

MORRISON HOUSE,

Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

☞ I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.

May 16, 1866-tf.

K. ALLEN LOVELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention will be given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Military and other claims of soldiers and their heirs against the State or Government collected without delay.

OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House Jan.1.1867

MILTON S. LYTLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. se12'66

R. McMURTRIE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. au22,1866

J. W MATTERN. WILLIAM A. SIPE.

MATTERN & SIPE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AND

LICENSED CLAIM AGENTS,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office on Hill street.

Soldiers Claims against the Government for Back Pay Bounty, Widows' and Invalids' Pensions attended to with great care and promptness. my29-1y

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted. May 17, 1865-tf.

A. W. BENEDICT. J. SEWELL STEWART. P. M. LYTLE.

THE firm of Benedict & Stewart has been changed to

BENEDICT, STEWART & LYTLE,

under which name they will hereafter practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

They will also give careful attention to the collection of military and other Claims against the State or Government.

Office formerly occupied by J. Sowell Stewart, adjoining the Court House. feb6,1866

AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1866.

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M. BARE, W. P. M'LAUGHLIN

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest, Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

ROHM & MILLER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Groceries, Huntingdon.

BOYER & GARNER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., Marklesburg station.

JAMES HIGGENS, Manufacturer of Furniture and Cabinet Ware, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. WISE, Manufacturer of Furniture, &c., Huntingdon. Undertaking attended to.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, Huntingdon.

WM. LEWIS & CO, Family Groceries, Provision and Feed Store, Hunt., Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON, Dealer in all kinds of Lumber, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE, PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

THOMAS G. STRICKLER & SON, Manufacturers of Brougher's patent Broom Head or Wrapper, Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturers.

M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

BILL POSTER. The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office.
Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS, Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels, &c., &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,

Will do more and better work at a given cost, than any other! Try it! Manufactured only by

ZIEGLER & SMITH,

Wholesale Drug, Paint and Glass Dealers,

Jan24-1y No. 137 North THIRD st., PHILADA.

THOMAS M. KERR, General Partner. WILLIAM CARR, Special Partner.

THOMAS M. KERR,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

NO. 143 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Country produce sold on commission. ap25-1y

S. CAMPBELL & CO.,

Manufacturing CONFECTIONERS,

and Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS, &C.,

No. 303 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Also manufacturers of all kinds of Molasses Candy and Cocoanut work. se18'66-1y

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

JOSEPH L. POULTON,

Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,

HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains

FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE,

superior to any now in the city.

This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

IVENTORS' OFFICES.

D'EPINEUIL & EVANS,

Civil Engineers and Patent Solicitors,

No. 435 Walnut St., Philada.

Patents solicited—Consultations on Engineering, Draughting and Sketches, Models and Machinery of all kinds made and skillfully attended to. Special attention given to REJECTED CASES and INTERFERENCES.—Authentic copies of all Documents from Patent Office procured.

N. B.—Save yourselves useless trouble and traveling expenses, as there is no actual need for personal interview with us. All business with these Offices, can be transacted in writing. For further information direct as above with stamp enclosed, for Circular with references. January17, 1866-1y

"OPPOSITE THE BUTTONWOOD TREE."

HERTZLER & GUION,

(*Successors to John Hertzler,*)

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES

AND

LIQUORS,

NO. 821 MARKET ST, PHILAD'A.

HARRYH ERTZLER. GEO. A. GUION.

oc31 4m MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS FOR SALE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The above little Casket is furnished with one hundred best quality NEEDLES, numbers most needed for lady's use. They are the best manufactured. Every lady should send and procure one of these casket. This little casket is forwarded to any address on receipt of 50 cents by mail. Any one wishing to become agent will please send for sample and circular. Price for sample, 50 cents. I want 1000 agents more.

The Great American Puzzle will be sent to any address on receipt of 20 cents. It contains six numbers.

PHILIP HILL,
au22-6m 239 Market street, Philada.

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE!"

New Fall Styles!

Are in every respect *first class*, and embrace a complete assortment for Ladies, Misses, and Children, of the newest styles, every length and sizes of waist.

Our skirts, wherever known, are more universally popular than any others before the public. They retain their shape better, are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and really cheaper, than any other Hoop Skirt in the market. The springs and fastenings are warranted perfect. Every lady should try them! They are now being extensively sold by merchants, throughout the country, and at wholesale and retail, at manufactory and sales room

No. 628 Arch St., below 7th, Philada.

Ask for Hopkin's "OWN MAKE"—buy no other!

CAUTION.—None genuine unless stamped on each K Pad—"Hopkin's Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 628 Arch St., Philadelphia."

☞ Also, constantly on hand full line of New York made Skirts, at very low prices.

TERMS, NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.

se5-4m

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

OLD ESTABLISHED

Fur Manufactory

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

Fancy Furs,

for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞ Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,
oc3—1m PHILADELPHIA.

☞ I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA.

LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND

J. W. Bradley's Celebrated Patent Duplex Elliptic, or Double Spring,

SKIRT.

The wonderful Flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded assemblies, operas, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, arm chairs, for promenade and house dress, as the skirt can be